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VOL. XXXVIII NO. 133 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, JUNE 8, 1950 PRICE 2 ANNAS

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1949 COMPLETIONS OF THE METROPOLITAN INSURANCE CO. LTD (H.O. CALCUTTA) EXCEED 6 CRORES AND FIFTY FIVE LACS.

Central Office Western Circle, 371 Hornby Road, Fort BOMBAY—1

Lock-Out In B N R Workshops

7,000 MEN ARE IDLE: UNION MOVES FAIL

Strike Deemed Illegal

KHARAGPUR, June 7. (PTI)

THE BENGAL NAGPUR RAILWAY AUTHORITIES DECLARED A LOCK-OUT TODAY AT THE WORKSHOPS AT KHARAGPUR WHERE 7,000 WORKERS ARE ON A STAY-IN STRIKE SINCE MAY 29.

One thousand workers of the boiler shop downed their tools on Monday last week, demanding certain special allowances. The strike gradually spread to all shops and departments and on Thursday the traffic yard staff at Kharagpur also joined in. The traffic yard staff, however, resumed duty last evening.

The Kharagpur workshop is one of the biggest in India and is the principal workshop of the Bengal Nagpur Railway.

The B. N. Railway administration in a communique says that the strikes have been staged without due notice and are therefore illegal.

The administration tried to bring back the workers to duty through the two recognised BN Railway Unions, but they refused to return to work pending a decision of their demands.

COMMUNIQUE

The following communique was issued tonight by the railway administration in Calcutta:—

"In the BNR workshops at Kharagpur, the sitdown strike of workshop employees, which had started from May 29, 1950 and which had been reported a few days ago in the press, unfortunately still continues. From June 1, 1950, the traffic yard staff at Kharagpur also joined the strike and this caused a certain amount of dislocation in goods train services. It should be emphasised that these strikes are illegal, as they have been staged without notice being given to the administration by the railway employees. The traffic yard staff, however, resumed duty from the evening of June 6, 1950.

"Leaders of the two recognised BNR Unions were given every opportunity by the administration to meet the workshop employees who are on strike at Kharagpur with a view to bringing them back to duty. The Union leaders have admitted that although every effort was made by them to impress upon the workers that the strike was uncalled for and illegal, and the workers should, therefore, return to duty, they have not met so far with any success.

"Having regard to the present circumstances, it is regretted that there is no other course left open to the administration except to declare a "lock-out" in respect of those who are not willing to carry out their normal duties in the BNR workshops at Kharagpur."

The workers' twentyone-point demand includes: (1) better travel facilities, (2) better houses, (3) an increase in allowances and (4) liberalisation of new leave rules.

COMMUNALISM IN COLLEGES

Notice Ordered To Madras State

MADRAS, June 7 (PTI).—A petition for the issue of a writ of mandamus against the Madras Government questioning the validity of the present Government communal order relating to admission of students to medical colleges in the State was filed in the Madras High Court today.

The petitioner, a girl student, seeking admission to a medical college, has questioned the validity of the Government order fixing quotas for admission on the basis of communities, language groups and districts. The petitioner submitted that in the face of the communal G.O. she had little or no chance of being admitted to the college. Whatever might be the legality or propriety of the order before the Constitution of India, it had become void in law and unenforceable and constituted an infringement of the personal right of a citizen of the State.

She, therefore, prayed that the Court should issue an interim order restraining the Government from enforcing, observing and maintaining the communal G.O. till her petition was finally disposed of.

Mr. Justice Basheer Ahmed Sayeed admitted the petition and ordered notice to the Government.

Police Official's House Raided

ARMED MAN DECAMPS WITH JEWELLERY

CALCUTTA, June 7. (UPI): An armed intruder made his way up to the first floor of the Serampore Town Police Inspector's bungalow last night, broke open boxes and decamped with some cash and jewellery.

His other aim—removing the pistol of the Inspector was not fulfilled.

The man, a young Bengalee, came with a revolver in his hand, shortly after 10-30 p.m. when Shri S. C Roy, Town Inspector was away. He quietly went up to the first floor, met Mrs. Roy and demanded cash and jewellery her husband's pistol.

Mrs. Roy tried to detain the intruder for sometime by starting a conversation with him. But eventually the robber forced the boxes open and removed cash and jewellery worth Rs. 600. The pistol was not in the house as the Town Inspector had taken it with him. The man rode away on a bicycle.

Inspector Roy had taken a leading part in trailing the men who committed the dacoity at India Mills last August and capturing them after pitched battle at Boluhati.

THE COAL POOL

PARIS, June 7 (PTI-Reuter): France has propsed to Italy, Germany and the Benelux countries that the negotiations for forming a European coal and steel pool begin on June 20, an official announcement said today.

Prime Minister Attlee is expected to make a statement on the Schuman plan when Parliament meets on Tuesday after the Whitsun recess.

Decontrol Of Paper, Salt And Cement Likely

(From Our Special Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, June 7: Decontrol of paper is expected during this week, followed by decontrol of salt and cement, it is learnt here.

During April last, the Ahmedabad working class cost of living index number (on base year ended July 1927 equal to 100) advanced by seven points to 267, owing to a rise of 12 points i nthe food group.

Step Towards Socialism

MADRAS, June 7. (PTI)

PERSONS whose income is less than Rs. 100 per month will now be entitled to free treatment in Government medical institutions in the State, according to a Madras Government order issued today.

Previously, only persons drawing less than Rs. 50 per month were entitled to free treatment.

INDIA IMPORTS MORE FROM U.S.

Exceeds Exports By Rs. 3 Crores

BOMBAY Wednesday: India's imports from the United States of America exceeded her exports by nearly three crores of rupees during the first three months of 1950.

According to trade figures available from the American Consulate-General in Bombay, Indian exports to the United States in January, February and March 1950, totalled Rs. 28,76,60,000 as against imports into India from the U.S.A. of Rs. 31,65,87 000.

January was the only month when India had a surplus on trade account with the United States.

DR. HO OUSTED?

PARIS, June 7. (PTI-Reuter): Ho Chi-minh, chief of Viet Minh, has been openly out of favour and has been ousted as the effective leader of the Communist-led nationalist movement in Indo-China, according to independent France-Soir's correspondent in Indo-China.

The correspondent said that this information came from a very reliable source. He said that Dr. Ho is "alive and flourishing, but he no longer participates actually in leading Viet Minh".

JAGJIVAN RAM IS ILO CHIEF

Call For Uplift Of The Worker

GENEVA, June 7. (PTI): India's Labour Minister, Mr. Jagjivan Ram, became President of the International Labour Organisation today.

Proposed by Mr. Myrrdin Evans, British Government delegate, and seconded by the United States, he was elected unanimously for the current year, at the I.L.O.'s 32nd labour conference here.

During the election Poland Czechoslovakia and Hungary walked out in protest at the presence of Chinese Nationalist delegates, leaving behind them several resolutions which they had tabled urging the conference to support a ban on atomic weapons. Russia is not a member of the organisation and other East European members had not sent representatives.

In his address to the 350 delegates and advisers from over fifty nations, Mr. Ram said the Labour Organisation "might even pave the way to the establishment of a common wealth of nations or a world federation"

Stressing the Labour Organisation's contribution to world peace, Mr. Ram said: "The father of the Indian Nation, Mahatma Gandhi, dedicated his life to the uplift of the down-trodden believing that this and not modern weapons of warfare would pave the way to real world peace.

"One factor, the solution of which is indispensable to world peace, is the poverty, disease and miserable conditions in which the vast majority of the people of the world are still living.

"The International Labour Organisation is non-political and its mission is humanitarian, but it is this organisation which has and will continue to tackle this problem."

The Chinese Brand

LONDON, June 7 (PTI-Reuter): China is to develop state and private enterprise side by side under a policy decision taken at a conference of leaders of trade and industry from all over the country just ended in Peking, according to a New China News Agency report received in London.

ROBESON SAYS: BAN THE A-BOMB!

With fists clenched, singer Paul Robenson harangues the crowd at the World Peace Movement rally held in London recently.

JUTE DELIVERIES VERY SLOW

Delhi Disappointed

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

NEW DELHI, June 7.

CONSIDERABLE disappointment prevails here at the non-implementation of Indo-Pakistan Trade Agreement by Pakistan. Jute deliveries are disappointingly slow.

Pakistan has so far delivered five lakh maunds of jute aginst which she is importing jute goods from India leaving no margin for the import of other commodities stipulated under the Agreement. According to the Agreement Pakistan had to deliver 17 lakh maunds of jute by June 15 which works out at about one lakh maunds of jute every day. Pakistan circles now hope to deliver the whole quantity by the end of June.

It is, however, feared that the Pakistan plan may not fructify in view of the coming monsoon which may render transport difficult.

Arrival of pre-devaluation jute has also considerably slowed down which has added to the disappointment. Reports received here disclose that there is plenty of jute awaiting transhipment. Transport position being satisfactory, it seems the Pakistan Jute Board is unwilling to buy jute at economic prices.

According to the Agreement, June 15 is the last date for Indian nationals to take out letters of credit. After this date all provisional licences are liable to lapse. According to a

(Continued on Page 6)

PUT OFF GROUP AREAS BILL

Plea By S. African Industries

CAPE TOWN, June 6. (PTI-Reuter): The South African Federated Chambers of Industries has informed the Minister of the Interior, Dr. T. E. Donges, that unless the Group Areas Bill is modified it will cree economic disturbance to an extent difficult to forsee.

It appeals to the Minister to postpone the final stages of the bill until next year and in the meantime to inquire into its effects on industry.

Overseas firms would become involved as many have financial interests, some have controlling interests in South African industrial companies.

The Association also says that if the bill is passed in its present form, it will have far-reaching effects on all sections of the community and many forms of economic activity.

Petition To S. African Assembly

CAPE TOWN, June 7. (PTI-Reuter): Mr. S. R. Naidoo, President of the South African Indian Organisation, and the three members of its Executive have sent a petition to the South African Assembly asking for rejection of the Government's Group Area Bill which would establish separate living areas for Europeans and non-Europeans in South Africa.

The petition was presented to the Assembly by Mrs. V. M. L. Ballinger, one of the three European members representing non-Europeans.

It asked for rejection of the Bill in its entirety or, failling this, that the petitioners be allowed to appear at the Bar of the House to plead their cause either personally or through counsel.

The Bill was approved by the Assembly at its second reading by 69 votes against 61 on May 31. During the debate Mrs. Ballinger said that it would mean economic strangulation for the Indians in South Africa.

MADRAS CUTS EXPENDITURE SAVES RS. 3 CRORES

This With A Loan Will Go For Irrigation Projects

MADRAS, June 7. (PTI).

THE Madras Government anticipates a saving of about rupees three crores this year by reducing the expenditure under revenue and capital heads. This saving would be effected by small cuts under travelling allowances, contingecies, petty constructions and maintenance grants and also by slowing down certain building programmes for this year.

This was announced today at the end of a three-day meeting of the Cabinet sub-committee, presided over by the Chief Minister, for examining proposals to effect economies in Government expenditure.

This amount of Rs. three crores would go towards making up the Rs 15-1/2 crores of capital required by the Government this year for various irrigation and electricity programmes already under execution.

The Government also announced its decision to approach the open market for a loan shortly for raising the necessary capital.

In a press note issued today, the Government appealed to "momed men" and agriculturists to subscribe "confidently to this loan and thereby demonstrate their faith in the devlopment programme now under way.

PANDIT NEHRU IN DJAKARTA

Great Welcome By Indonesians

DJAKARTA, June 7 (PTI)

INDONESIA GAVE A WARM WELCOME TO INDIA'S PRIME MINISTER, PANDIT NEHRU, WHO ARRIVED HERE EARLY TODAY, RADIOS K. S. RAMACHAN DRAN, P.T.I. SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.

The Indian flagship "Delhi", escorted by the destroyers, "Rajput", "Ranjit", and "Rana", anchored at 0800 hours. Large crowds were waiting beyond the barbed wire fencing enclosing the jetty.

As the Indian naval squadron approached the harbour, guns on board the ships fired a national salute of 21 guns. The shore batteries reciprocated the courtesy. Later, another salute of 21 guns was fired from the ships in honour of President Soekarno.

First to board "Delhi" was the Indian Ambassador, Dr. P. Subbaroyan, who was accompanied by his wife. On the wharf were drawn up contingents of Indonesian troops.

Pandit Nehru, who disembarked at 9 a.m., was received on the wharf by President Soekarno. Begum Soekarno, Prime Minister Hatta, members of the diplomatic corps and a big gathering of Indian women and children were in an adjoining enclosure.

After inspecting a guard of honour, and formal introductions, Pandit Nehru went up to the enclosure where he was greeted with loud cheers of "Jawaharlal-ki-Jai" and by children waving Indian national flags.

Pandit Nehru spoke to them for a few minutes. He reminded the Indians on board the ship that they were true ambassadors of their country and must discharge that function carefully. It had been his long desire to come to Indonesia, a country with ancient ties with India, and to meet her leaders.

Pandit Nehru drove with President Soekarno to the President's palace.

ADDRESS TO PARLIAMENT

From the President's palace, Pandit Nehru, accompanied by Premier, Hatta, drove to the Indonesian Parliament—formerly a town hall where he addressed a joint session of both houses. The visitors' gallery was crowded and the stage was packed to capacity with members of the diplomatic corps

In a brief address to the Parliament, Pandit Nehru dwelt on the ancient cultural ties between the two countries. The majesty of the past, he said, was before the two countries to inspire them. Nevertheless, the past had faded away and they had to face the problems of the present and of the future. That past could help them if it gave them the proper perspective. It could help them—in spite of the stress of events of the day—to maintain poise and tranquillity and not to allow themselves to be swept away.

Pandit Nehru added they must combine the spirit of the ancient civilization as represented by the great continent of Asia with the mighty achievements of the present day which the countries of Europe and America represented. Actions divorced from that reality were not likely to lead to good results.

"We have to learn much from other countries and if we have to play our own role we cannot do so by imitating or merely copying what others do", he said.

One of the major events of the age, Pandit Nehru went on, was Asia's coming into her own after hundreds of years and after cutting at the root of colonialism. Some countries, however, had still to achieve their independence. There was hard work ahead for those Asian countries.

Political freedom would have little meaning if it was not followed fairly rapidly by economic freedom. Political freedom was essential because it gave opportunities to the people, but it was not an absolute end in itself. They had to labour hard to raise the low standard of living of the people, give them opportunities for progress and thus try to solve the larger problems of the world. It was essential that they must work for the cause of peace and not merely desire peace. It was absolutely essential as otherwise all progress would stop.

Referring to the friendship between India and the Republic of Indonesia, Pandit Nehru said he was no stranger to Indonesia. He had many friends there and hoped, as in the past in the future as well both countries would work together for peace, "for the advancement of our respective people for peace and equilibrium in Asia, and otherwise promoting co-operation among the nations." Concluding, Pandit Nehru said: "I wish to assure you of the friendship and comradeship of the people of India. While we feel conscious of the great problems that face you and that face us and the continent of Asia, we can discuss these problems without unnecessary fear of certain possibilities occurring. In any event, fear is no good. We had to face many perils

(Continued on page 5, col. 5)

Dixon A Nice Man, Says Zafrullah

LAHORE, June 7 (PTI-Reuter): Pakistan's Foreign Minister, Sir Mohammed Zafrullah Khan, reiterated here today his Government's stand for a free and impartial plebiscite in Kashmir to decide the question of the State's accession to either Pakistan or India.

In an interview, Sir Mohammed said that Sir Owen Dixon had been trying to get the background and to equip himself with all aspects of the Kashmir problem.

Sir Owen had not made any proposal or offered any plan for settlement of the Kashmir question during his talks in Karachi, he added.

"Replying to a question, Sir Mohammed said: "Sir Owen Dixon is a very nice man."

DIXON LEAVES BY CAR

Weather Dusty

RAWALPINDI, (Pakistan), June 7 (PTI-Reuter): Because of unfavourable flying weather, Sir Owen Dixon, United Nations Kashmir Mediator, left by road this afternoon for Srinagar.

A caravan of cars, carrying the Mediator and his staff, left after 4 p.m. on the 195-mile mountain route leaving behind the United States Dakota.

The pilot of the Dakota said he recommended abandonment of the air journey after a solo test flight.

"The weather was very dusty," he stated in an interview," and it was likely to get worse. In fact, it did get worse soon after."

Sir Owen had arrived at the Chaklala airfield from Karachi this morning a little behind schedule. He told reporters at the airport that he had met official representatives of the Governments of India and Pakistan.

Before he could proceed with the demilitarisation of the State, he said, he had to meet the Prime Ministers of the two countries. For that he had to wait until they were available for further talks.

Meanwhile, he added, he was going to Srinagar and after a short stay there would return to Rawalpindi in order to pay a visit to Azad Kashmir.

Accompanying Sir Owen were his diplomatic adviser, Ambassador Eric Colban, and Mr Lourie and Mr. Campbell.

PETROL PLENTY IS AT HAND

Derationing Soon

NEW DELHI, June 7 (PTI): Petrol is likely to be derationed soon in port cities in India and towns in their neighbourhood, it is reliably learnt. In other parts of the country, the petrol ration will be considerably liberalized.

The Government of India's decision is expected to be announced in a week.

The decision was taken at a meeting of the representatives of Government, railways and the oil interests, held recently in Bombay, the PTI City Correspondent understands.

At this meeting, oil interests are reported to have assured supply of sufficient quantities of petrol, subject to the provision of transport facilities by the railways. The railway authorities on their part stated that the wagon supply position had greatly improved and a sufficient number of wagons could be provided for transport of petrol.

Rationing of petrol was introduced in India i nthe latter half of 1941. After the end of the war, several representations by consumer interests were made to the Government to remove the control, but these were not accepted as the supply and transport position was not satisfactory.

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Wanted a qualified and painstaking weaving master possessing technical knowledge and practical experience of working of machines from preparatory to loom-shed to take charge of a middle sized cotton mill in the Punjab. Handsome salary according to ability. Apply with full particulars to Box No. 7977 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted experienced Lino Operator. Apply with testimonials to Box No 2001 "Bombay Chronicle"

Wanted a Gujarati knowing teacher for Secondary Department, capable of taking also P.T. **Classes.** Apply personally, Principal, Bharda New High School, on Mondays and Thursdays between 11 a.m. and 12 noon. (1889)

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Ayurvedic and Unani Tibbi College, Karol Bagh, New Delhi. (Founded by L. Mesihulmulk H. Ajmal Khan.) The College will reopen on 16th July 1950 for its Summer term. Students seeking admission should apply to the Principal on a prescribed form alongwith a fee of Rs. 11/- by the 30th June. 1950. Minimum admission requirements are Matriculation pass of an Indian University or its equivalent. Knowledge of Hindi Sanskrit (for Ayurvedic) and Urdu/Arabic (for Unani) are essential. Age limit 17-21 years. (7987)

Local Self Government Service— Training Classes for Government Recognised 'L.S.G.D.' Diploma reopen from 10th July 1950. For free Prospectus apply Local Self Government Institute. Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay. (7817)

Admissions—Davar's College of Commerce—Professional Commerce Diploma Courses suitable for Graduates, Undergraduates and others. Enrolments proceeding for preliminary lessons now for New Session commencing 12th June. Either personal or postal training. Call or write for Prospectus 51, Esplanade Road. (1892)

Homoeopathy easily learnt Best postal training to pass the proposed Test. For prospectus apply: The Grace Medical Mission Mavelikara Travancore.

BOOKS AND PERIODICALS

Realistic Materia Medica (Pp 256— Rs. 5)—by renowned educationist and world-reputed Homeopath. "One book makes you efficient homeo-doctor". M. R. Banerjee, M.A., Jamtara, S. P. (1895)

"Guide to Health", An 80 page book explaining how to prevent and treat diseases easily, quickly and economically. The book is running in its 16th edition and, as one doctor of repute has said, "It is worth its weight in gold," Send as. 8. in postage stamps. J. & J. Dechane, Hyderabad—Dn. (7944)

MOTOR CAR FOR SALE

For Sale Packard 1942 model in two tone colours and in excellent condition. Prospective buyers may contact Mr A R. Savkur, J. K. Building, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay. Telephone No. 32031. (7943)

LOANS & MORTGAGES

Loans Arranged on very easy terms. Apply sharp to Mr. G. S. Monga: Post Box No. 119, Baroda. (1834)

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted—Agents for Bombay and Middle-East markets, to sale our 'Arabic Rumals', 'Arabic Turbans', 'Agar-woods,' 'Dacca Clothes' and varieties. Apply to Hariballav Basak & Co., 185,1, Park Street, Cal.17. (1865)

Wanted Agents to popularise our scheme of free distribution of pure Woollen Shawls, silky Sarees or genuine Wrist Watches against temporary but recoverable layout of Rs. 2/- only. Apply sharp: J. B. Thomas and Co. P. B. 328, Kanpur. 7985

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Investment Market going strong and unthought of facility granted for quick purchase and sale of marketable shares on cash or margin basis. Write also for unique risk-free investment schemes. INVESTORS' Cartel Limited, 198-1, Rash Behari Avenue, Calcutta. Chairman— Rt. Hon. Lord Sinha. 7978(2)

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

WITH REFERENCE to the advertisement appearing in the issue of this paper, dated 8-5-1950, for the post of Assistant Directors of Industries, it is hereby announced that the age-limit mentioned in the advertisement will not apply to persons already in service in the Department of Industries of the Government of Bombay. The last date for the receipt of applications (in prescribed form) will be the 30th June 1950. (7988)

WARNING

IT HAS COME to our knowledge that several Cold Drink Shops and Restaurants in the Bombay City have started maintaining small hand Soda Machines, concealed in their shops where they fill inferior sweet and soda waters of their own in the bottles of various well-known Aerated Water manufacturers under their original labels and utilising the used crown corks, bearing the names of the original Factories.

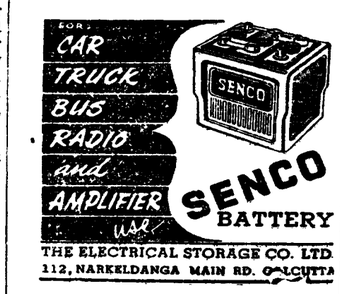
This is how they try and pass off their spurious drinks to customers under the disguise of such well-known brands at high prices.

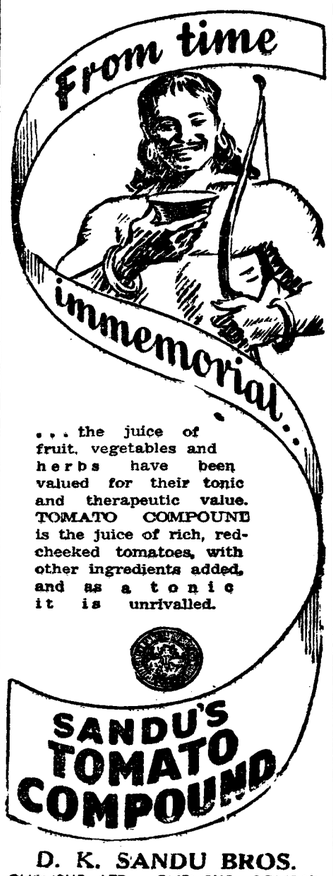
It is therefore absolutely essential that our customers should, while ordering Rogers drinks insist on the full bottles being brought before them and see that the bottles bear our registered embossed name, our own labels and that the bottles are fitted with our own unused crown corks, bearing the name "ROGERS". It is very easy to refix an used crown cork to a new bottle and we have to draw the attention of our customers to this fact particularly. If our customers come across any such incident it will be a great help to us if they were to inform us of it immediately.

ROGERS & CO. LTD.,
18, Clare Road,
Byculla, Bombay.

AUCTION SALES

Under instruction from the B.B. & C.I. Railway and in accordance with the provisions of Sections 55 and 56 of the Indian Railways Act No. IX of 1890. MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction on Friday, the 23rd June 1950 at 2 p.m. (S.T.) at Carnac Bridge Goods Depot, certain Unclaimed booked and Unbooked packages, etc.

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Future Of Diamond Trade Gloomy

NO IMPORTS: STOCKS DEPLETED

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

THE future of diamond trade, particularly the industrial part of it —the diamond cutting and setting industry—is none too bright, writes a P.T.I. correspondent.

Many of the established firm of importers and wholesalers have practically no stocks to offer to buyers and the retail merchants are just "living" on the meagre stocks left over with them since 1947 when the import of this precious commodity was completely stopped.

The diamond trade and industry provides employment for nearly 30,000 persons, half of which constitute labour engaged in cutting and setting. In Bombay alone where the bulk of diamond trade is concentrated, about 3,000 setters, considered to be the most skilled fine craftsmen, find their living. Today, they are faced with the bleak prospect of being rendered idle. A majority of them do not even get 50 per cent of the wages they were earning before 1947. Their number had increased during the pre-war period when the specialised job was in great demand; and the nucleus of over 100 cutters in this city has today swelled.

Business men whose total investment in the diamond trade involves nearly Rs. 20 crores have more or less a sentimental attachment to the trade. They prefer to "sit tight" with the little stocks in their possession rather than dispose them of at fascinating prices offered by mofussil retailers as by succumbing to this temptation they would have no stock to trade to live by.

Total pre-war imports averaged Rs. 125 lakhs in value. Even during the period immediately preceding the official ban on imports, enough imports were not possible owing to shortage of production in Antwerp, Amsterdam and other manufacturing centres in Europe. Diamond worth Rs. 3 crores was however imported from the later part of 1946 till June 1947. This include 'roughs' which are cut and polished in India.

Import of 'roughs' was allowed from 1945-46 and continued upto 1947-48 on condition that the finished product would be re-exported, so that India could get back the currency used for such import and also earn some useful foreign exchange. But this did not work very satisfactorily as it was difficult to compete with the continental cutters. Another reason was the higher value of the Indian rupee—prior to devaluation—in relation to the pound sterling and the dollar.

The Government of India, however, allowed the import of 'roughs' in 1948 under the open general licence. This resulted in the import of about Rs. 80 lakhs worth of 'roughs', but the trade found it very uneconomical as the world prices declined due to abundant production in the principal centres.

The import of 'roughs' was completely stopped in May 1949. Now, for over a year, no roughs had been coming in and it is over three years since polished diamonds were allowed to be imported.

Stocks of diamond in the whole of India at present is not estimated at more than Rs. four crores, while the normal demand is placed at about Rs. three and half crores. In pre-war years, the demand was about Rs. one crore. Diamond merchants in Bombay as in other major cities of the country are at present living on the stocks left with them at the end of 1947. Prices in India are just 35 per cent over the world price

TRADE DULL

Trade in diamonds was practically dull and uninteresting and even with the best of the marriage season this year, the demand was 60 to 70 per cent less than normal. The princely order who were enamoured of diamonds were today purchasing only 5 to 10 per cent of their normal requirements.

The peasants and the working class were today investing largely in bullion, firstly owing to their ignorance of the value of precious stones and secondly because of their confidence in the intrinsic value of the yellow metal. This enormous investment in gold and silver, it contended, blocked that part of the peasant's savings from flowing back into normal trade.

To keep the diamond cutting and polishing industry going, it has been suggested that the Government should allow imports of "roughs" with immediate effect. The resumption of imports of both the varieties, it is said, would bring a revenue of about Rs. 50 lakhs to the Government by ways of duty, assuming that the value of imports would be about Rs. 4 crores. That would also discourage smuggling through borders.

TAGAI LOANS TO POTATO GROWERS

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Poor cultivators intending to grow potatoes in the kharif season will be given tavai loans by the Government of Bombay in order to enable them to purchase seed potatoes. The Potato Supply and Extension Officer will also make available to them the necessary transport facilities from the purchasing centres in the Poona District and the railway transport from Poona to the places of destination.

Under the original scheme of assistance the Government was to purchase seed potatoes and to supply them to growers in the State. But this being found unnecessary, the Government has now sanctioned a su mof Rs. 32,91,000 for advancing loans to poor potato cultivators at 3 per cent. rate of interest. The tagai loans will be recovered after the harvest but not later than December 31 next. If the cultivators fail to repay the tagai loans by that date, the usual rate of interes will be charged.

POLICE CHIEF'S HOUSE RAIDED

Armed Youth Decamps With Cash

CALCUTTA, June 7, (PTI): A police inspector's bungalow in Serampore, about 15 miles from here, was raided last night by an armed young man, who silenced the inmates at the point of revolver and decamped with cash and jewellery worth about Rs. 600. The inspector was out at the time of the occurrence.

The inspector, it is learnt, was responsible for the arrests of several young men, some of them belonging to the Revolutioary Communist Party of India following a pitched battle between a police party and some gangsters at Baluhati railway station in Hooghly District last year. The bandits were escaping with a lakh of rupees after an armed raid of a lorry belonging to a jute mill near Serampore. The police suspect last night's raid on the inspector's bungalow to be of a political nature.

Abducted Women's Recovery

LAHORE, June 7, (PTI).

The question of the recovery and restoration of abducted women in the two countries and facilitation of mutual commercial and social contacts formed the main theme of the speeches delivered by the members of the Indian Goodwill Delegation on the last day of their three-day visit to Lahore.

The Delegation will leave for Murree today en route to Nathiali and Peshawar.

Speaking at a reception arranged in honour of the delegation by Begum Tasaddaque Hussain, member of the Muslim League Committee for the recovery of abducted women in East Punjab, Mr. Bhim Sen Sachar while pledging whole-hearted support to the "noble campaign", suggested the formation of a joint board consisting of representatives from the two countries for launching an intensive campaign to recover "the last woman on either side".

A TEST

Mr. Sachar said there could not be two opinions on this issue which transcended political, communal and such other considerations. It is a test for us he said, to decide as to what level of decency and morality we want to rise. It is a humanitarian issue and calls for unstinted and concerted effort from every citizen of Pakistan and India.

Describing it as an "ugly blot" on the face of the two countries, Mr. Sachar stressed the need of washing it away as speedily as possible in order to smoothen the path of friendship between them.

Babu Bachan Singh, a member of the Delegation said that the greatness or otherwise of a country was judged by the moral standards of its people, and if Pakistan and India desired to rank among the great countries of the world, the only choice before them was to accept and practise the lofty standards of morality and virtue.

He held that actual peace of the two countries would only return when each and every abducted woman was restored to her relations.

Welcoming the Delegation, Begum Tassaddaque Hussain in the course of a lengthy address demanded the institution of a vigorous campaign for the recovery and restoration of abducted women and declared that the solution of this problem formed the key to the many other problems outstanding between the two countries.

World Conference On Social Work

BOMBAY, Tuesday (PTI). — Mrs. Gulestan R. B. Billimoria, a prominent social worker of Bombay and a member of the Governing Body of the UNESCO, will lead the Indian Delegation to the International Conference on Social Work to be held in Paris from July 23 to 28.

The other members of the delegation are Mr. B. Chatterji, Executive Secretary of the Indian Conference on Social Work, Mr. Dr. Anugraha Narain Sinha, President of the Bihar Branch of the Indian Conference, Mrs. Mithan J. Lam and Dr. (Miss) Hadker of Broach.

Mr Chatterji has also been invited to participate in the General Council meeting of the International Union for Child Welfare in London, the International Union of Family Organisation in Stockholm and Helsinki, the International Catholic Social Service Congress in Rome and the International Criminologists' Conference in Paris.

Mr. Chatterji will also visit social service centres in the U.K. and continental countries and study their working.

Mrs. Billimoria and Mrs. Lam will also attend the Conference of the International Federation of University Women to be held at Zurich early in August.

'RIVAL' SPEARED TO DEATH

Life Imprisonment For Ex-Service Man

KARWAR, June 5.

Abdul Hakimsab, an ex-military man from Munagod (Karwar District), aged about 25 years, who was charged with murder under Section 302 of the I.P.C. of Abdul Ajij, a majdoor working at a 'bidi'-maker's shop, in the same town, was sentenced to transportation for life, by Mr. N. S. Shrimange, Sessions Judge, Karwar, last week.

The prosecution story was that the accused started making advances to a woman, Khajabi, about 20 years of age, who was living with the deceased, Ajij, as his mistres. His advances were not only repulsed by the woman, but she reported against him to Ajij who once or twice abused him.

On one occasion, in January last, the accused is alleged to have approached Khajabi, when the deceased was not present in the house and proposed to her that she should leave the deceased and go and stay with him. She refused to accept this proposal and reported it to the deceased.

The accused accosted the deceased and asked him why he had abused him and a quarrel ensued which was temporarily stopped by the intervention of some persons.

Later, when the deceased was about 250 feet from his own house, the accused attacked him with a spear and fatally stabbed him in the stomach. When the accused tried to pull out the spear only the butt-end (handle) of the spear came out of the abdomen leaving the blade deep into the stomach. The accused fled the scies for help from the deceased, however, wrought some three or four persons near him and he was taken to a dispensary where he succumbed to the injuries.

INDIA PLEDGED TO END DISCRIMINATION

Mrs. Pandit Asks For U. S. Sympathy

ST. LOUIS, June 6 (PTI-Reuter): Mrs. Vijaya Lakshmi Pandit, Indian Ambassador to the United States, was warmly applauded when she declared in a speech at Washington University today that India was pledged to end all forms of discrimination.

Mrs. Pandit, sister of the Indian Premier, Pandit Nehru, said India's problem arose from one basic fact: Poverty.

The right to vote would be given to 180 million people next year when the first elections would be held, and it would be the largest electorate in the world, she said.

"We hope India will have the sympathy of the American," she said.

"We, like you, are fighting for democracy".

Mrs. Pandit added that war need not come if the conditions which bred war were removed. India would live up to its past record of non-aggression, avoid those forces which hastened conflict and would wish for peace. India hoped to be a stabilising force in Asia.

MAKING OF CHEMICALS IN GERMANY

Allied Control Not Abandoned

LONDON, June 7 (PTI-Reuter): A Foreign Office spokesman denied last night press reports from Western Germany suggesting that the Allied powers had abandoned control of the manufacture of a variety of chemicals and electrical equipment, through regulations issued on Sunday.

He stated that the new regulations did not permit manufacture of any categories of industrial production hitherto prohibited.

The new regulations transferred the day-to-day issue of licences for manufacture of chemicals permitted for peacetime purposes from the Military Security Board to the Federal Government.

THE FIRST JAP

TOKYO, June 7. (PTI-Reuter): The first Japanese to be admitted to Australia since the end of the war arrived here by air from New Zealand yesterday.

He was Dr. Michael Yashiro, presiding bishop of the Church of England in Japan who had come to attend a Church of England Conference here.

"I hope my visit will help to bring reconciliation between our countries" he said.

"The Japanese people want peace and it will take 20 years at the present rate of progress to recover from the last war."

New Sultan Of Brunei

SINGAPORE, June 7 (PTI-Reuter): Omar Ali Saifudin was yesterday formally Sultan of Brunei, Borneo, in succession to his elder brother, 38-year-old Sir Ahmed Tajuddin Akhazu Khairi Wadin, who died in Singapore on Sunday.

The new ruler of the territory—one of the smallest in the British Empire but its biggest oil producer—is 35, married and has three children.

About a hundred workers of the Radio Club of India struck work yesterday on the ground that the Labour Commissioner's award regarding scales of pay and bonus was not implemented by the management of the Club.

B. A. Exam. Results

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The following are the results of the B.A. (Honours and general) examination; held by the University of Bombay in April 1950.

Type (II)—B.A. (Honours)

The following candidates have passed the examination:—

FIRST CLASS (HONOURS) Nos.
73 123 307 313 325 328 331 333 354 356 362 367 368 369 371 373 374 382 385 407 414 417 444 451 491 593 596 959 961 1108 1112 1209 1263 1335 1371 1423 1425 1488.

SECOND CLASS (HONOURS) Nos.
2 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 16 19 22 23 35 37 39 40 42 44 45 51 65 68 69 70 71 74 75 76 77 79 80 86 89 90 94 95 98.

102 04 06 10 11 13 14 15 17 18 19 20 21 26 27 29 30 36 38 39 40 44 46 48 49 57 59 61 62 81 88 191.

211 16 18 20 26 28 29 30 31 36 38 45 47 51 52 53 54 55 57 58 59 61 62 63 64 65 66 68 70 71 72 75 76 77 83 85 86 90 91 94 295.

303 08 09 10 11 12 14 15 16 18 19 20 22 23 29 30 37 38 39 40 41 42 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 55 61 64 65 66 70 75 76 77 77 79 80 81 84 86 87 89 91 93 94 95 97 398.

402 03 04 05 06 09 10 11 12 15 16 18 20 23 24 25 26 28 30 34 35 36 37 38 39 46 48 61 64 68 69 70 71 78 79 80 89 500.

501 02 03 04 06 08 11 13 14 42 47 53 55 59 69 76 77 78 85 89 90 95 98 99 600.

601 03 08 12 13 17 23 29 31 38 39 40 43 48 55 79 693.

708 13 14 24 39 43 45 46 51 54 57 74 79 83 85 91 792.

809 16 19 21 25 33 34 35 39 40 44 45 50 53 55 56 57 58 59 61 62 64 68 69 70 72 73 75 78 81 87 89 91 97 99 900.

902 03 04 05 06 09 12 16 17 23 25 27 29 30 36 40 44 46 56 57 63 65 66 67 68 72 73 74 75 78 81 84 88 91 94 995.

1002 03 05 06 15 17 22 36 40 42 51 74 78 87 90 1100.

1102 07 18 20 21 24 25 29 30 32 33 37 40 42 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 69 71 1192.

1201 19 30 33 24 25 28 31 32 34 35 38 39 40 42 44 48 62 64 65 68 68 69 70 71 77 79 81 84 91 1294.

1303 14 15 19 25 26 32 38 48 52 53 55 56 59 61 62 63 66 68 69 73 76 79 81 83 87 88 89 90 92 93 95 1399.

1401 06 07 08 10 11 13 14 15 17 18 20 21 24 27 29 30 85 86 1487.

1505 17 19 20 21 26 27 30 34 36 39 44 46 47 48 53 56 58 63 64 65 67 69 71 72 73 74 75 77 81 82 83 85 86 88 89 90 91 93 1594.

1604 07 12 15 22 29 30 31 34 36 38 40 49 50 51 53 54 55 58 60 61 62 64 65 68 69 70 71 72 78 79 81 82 85 92 94 95 97 1700.

1710 12 16 46 49 51 58 60 61 65 67 74 78 80 88 1789.

THIRD CLASS (HONOURS)

Nos. 1 3 4 12 13 14 18 20 21 24 27 30 31 38 41 43 47 48 49 50 52 53 54 57 59, 61 62 64 67 72 78 83 88 97.

101 07 08 24 32 33 35 37 41 45 47 50 54 55 56 58 60 65 66 67 71 72 73 76 77 78 80 82 83 84 86 87 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99, 200.

201 02 04 05 08 09 10 12 13 15 17 19 21 22 24 25 32 33 34 35 37 41 42 43 44 46 48 49 60 69 73 79 80 81 82 84 87 39 92 96 97 300.

302 04 05 06 21 26 27 32 34 35 43 59 72 78 83 96 399.

408 13 19 21 29 33 41 43 49 53 54 55 56 57 60 62 63 65 66 72 75 76 77 81 82 83 86 87 88 90 95 497.

505 07 09 10 12 15 16 17 23 26 27 28 29 30 33 36 39 43 44 46 48 49 51 57 58 60 64 65 66 68 70 71 72 74 75 79 81 82 84 88 91 92 597.

605 07 09 10 20 21 22 24 26 27 32 35 41 42 46 50 51 52 53 54 60 64 65 66 67 68 72 73 74 76 77 78 80 82 83 84 85 86 89 92 96 98 700.

701 04 05 07 09 11 12 16 17 18 19 20 25 26 28 29 31 32 35 37 40 41 44 47 48 49 50 52 55 58 59 61 62 63 64 67 69 70 73 75 76 84 86 89 93 94 96 98 99 800.

801 02 04 05 06 07 08 10 11 12 13 14 18 20 23 26 27 30 31 32 36 37 38 41 48 49 51 52 60 66 67 74 76 77 79 80 84 85 88 90 93 94 95 896.

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1901 03 04 05 06 07 09 12 14 16 30 21 22 23 25 26 27 29 32 34 35 36 38 39 40 41 42 44 45 46 47 48 49 51 52 53 54 55 57 58 61 63 65 66 69 71 73 74 75 76 78 79 80 81 83 84 88 89 91 92 94 95 96 97 1999

2002 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 13 15 16 18 19 20 21 26 27 28 29 31 33 37 43 44 46 49 51 55 57 60 64 67 69 70 71 73 75 76 77 78 75 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 92 95 97 98 99 2100

2101 02 03 05 07 09 10 11 14 15 17 19 20 21 25 27 29 34 35 37 38 39 43 45 47 48 49 51 52 54 56 57 60 61 63 65 66 68 70 73 75 77 82 83 87 88 92 97 99 2200

2201 03 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 16 19 24 25 26 27 28 30 31 33 34 35 41 42 48 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 61 62 64 66 67 69 70 71 72 73 75 78 80 87 89 92 93 94 95 97 98 2299

2301 07 09 10 14 15 16 17 21 22 33 24 25 26 27 31 33 34 35 36 38 39 42 43 45 46 48 49 50 51 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 62 63 64 65 68 69 70 71 73 74 76 77 78 79 80 82 84 87 88 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 2399

2401 02 03 06 09 10 11 12 15 17 20 21 22 23 24 27 29 41 44 45 47 54 55 57 66 67 68 69 70 72 75 76 77 78 79 81 82 83 84 86 87 88 90 92 94 98 2499.

2502 04 06 07 09 10 14 15 16 17 18 19 21 25 28 29 30 32 34 35 39 41 42 49 50 52 54 55 56 57 61 63 64 65 67 70 72 73 74 75 78 80 81 83 84 85 86 87 90 91 93 94 96 97 98 99 2600.

260 03 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 13 15 16 17 18 20 21 23 25 26 27 28 29 32 33 34 35 36 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 49 50 51 54 55 57 61 62 63 64 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 80 81 82 83 88 89 91 92 93 94 95 96 9. 2700

2701 03 05 06 07 09 10 11 12 13 15 18 23 24 25 26 29 30 35 37 39 41 42 43 44 46 48 49 50 51 52 55 57 59 60 61 65 68 69 70 71 73 75 76 78 80 83 85.

The results of the following candidates are reserved:—

Nos 657 778 1722 2174 2442 2443

The results of candidates Nos 175 1956 2787 2788 will be declared later.

The Fellowship, Scholarships, Prizes and Medals are awarded as under:—

1. The Ellis Scholarship to No. 2756.
2. The Duke of Edinburgh Fellowship to No. 371.
3. The Bhau Daji Prize to No. 333.
4. The Gangadas Rangildas Scholarship to No. 491.
5. The James Taylor Prize to No. 596.
6. The Prof. Shripad Gajanan Acharya Prize to No. 333.
7. The Dadoba Pandurang Tarkhadkar Gold Medal to No. 1672.
8. The Jaffer Cassum Moosa Gold Medal to No. 371.
9. The Khan Bahadur Pardunji M. Dastur Prize to No. 1209
10. The Dossabhai Framji Karaka Memorial Prize to No. 5.
11. The Ram Ganesh Gadkari Memorial Scholarship to No. 1672
12. The Rustomji H. Mody Prize to No. 491.
13. The Sagarmal Khaitan Memorial Prize to No. 320.
14. The Harishchandra Baboorao Joshi Memorial Scholarship No. 1 award will be declared later.

Hard Coke For Punjab

SIMLA, June 7 (PTI): The Central Government have increased the quota of hard coke for Punjab from 45 to 300 wagons per month, it was officially announced yesterday.

Accordingly, all restrictions on the allotment of hard coke to new industries have been removed, adds the announcement.

Mr. R. R. Diwakar

HUBLI, June 7 (PTI): Mr. R. R. Diwakar, Minister of State for Information and Broadcasting, Government of India who was here on a private visit for the last three days left by mail to Poona yesterday afternoon en route to Bombay.

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Try some 'Malties'...

Here is a delicious new Toffee with all the rich flavour and goodness of pure malt and milk. 'Malties' are not only a confection you will love to eat anywhere, any time—they are good for you too. The malt helps your digestion and builds up your body. Included also is glucose which, apart from its sweetness, gives you energy.

We KNOW you will love this new exciting sweet and we want you to try them at our expense. We have, therefore, arranged to give away entirely *free* some thousands of sample packets. Any of the shops listed below, will gladly give any customer one of these free sample packets.

Take it home with you and let your family enjoy this mouth-watering treat.

In their distinctive silver wrapping, 'Malties' are made by Parry's of Madras — the name alone is a guarantee of goodness. Get your free sample TODAY at any of these stores!

Parry's "MALTIES"

AT ANY OF THESE STORES.

Manufactured by: E. I. D. & S. F. LTD., NELLIKUPPAM.

Managing Agents: PARRY & CO., LTD., MADRAS.

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STOCKISTS:

(1) Army & Navy Stores Ltd., Fort, Bombay.
(2) Great Western Stores, Fort, Bombay.
(3) R. Jadavji & Sons, Colaba, Bombay.
(4) Atlantic Stores, Colaba, Bombay.
(5) Joseph & Sons, Colaba, Bombay.
(6) Felinos Italian Cafe & Restaurant, Colaba, Bombay.
(7) Asiatic Stores, Churchgate, Bombay.
(8) Phillimore & Co. Ltd., Cumballa Hill, Bombay.
(9) Patel Ruby & Company, Cumballa Hill, Bombay.
(10) Rex Stores, Warden Road, Bombay.
(11) Regal Stores & Restaurant, Byculla, Bombay.
(12) New Colony Stores, Dadar, Bombay.
(13) Koolar Stores & Restaurant, Matunga, Bombay.
(14) Empire Stores, Crawford Market, Bombay.
(15) Mangesh & Sons, Girgaum, Bombay.
(16) Madani Stores, Crawford Market, Bombay.
(17) A. Peerabhai & Company, Crawford Market, Bombay.
(18) Standard Provision Stores, Null Bazar, Bombay.
(19) Liberty Soda Fountain, Liberty Cinema, Marine Lines, Bombay.
(20) Shah & Co., Sitaram Bldg., Hornby Road, Bombay.

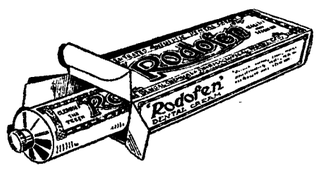
PLEASE NOTE that FREE SAMPLES of MALTIES can only be given to those who call in person on the dealers listed above. Samples can NOT be sent by post.

Rodofen SCIENTIFIC DENTAL CREAM

Ensures

SOUND—WHITE—BRIGHT SET OF TEETH

Prevents Pyorrhoea : : Sweetens the Breath

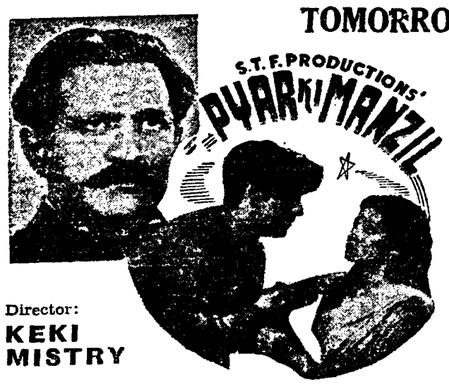


BENGAL CHEMICAL

CALCUTTA: BOMBAY: KANPUR

Agents: ORIENT DRUG AGENCY, Princess Street, BOMBAY 2.

TOMORROW Comes to the SCREEN



of 4 Theatres This 3 Lovers LOVE TALE

Director: KEKI MISTRY

MUNAWAR SULTANA, REHMAN, GOPE, KAMAL

Producer: SHARAF
Music: HUSANLAL BHAGATRAM

BHARAT FILM RELEASE

SUPER
3-30, 6-30, 9-30
Sun. 12-30
Booking:
9-30 to 11-30
& 5-30 to 7

EXCELSIOR
3-30, 6-30, 9-30
Plans open
9-30 to 1 & 2 to 7

JAI HIND
Daily:
Plans open

RIVOLI
Daily
Plans open
10 to 2 & 4 to 8

CITY & SUBURBS

Today's Engagements

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER: The Municipal Commissioner will meet the elected Members of Wards Nos. 22 and 23 on Friday the 9th June 1950, at 8-30 A.M. at Connought Road Junction, Ghorupdeo Road and go round with them in the Wards.

Widespread Rains In West Coast

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, June 7. (PTI).

The following is the daily weather summary for Wednesday, the 7th June 1950:- The monsoon is still rather weak in Travancore-Cochin and Malabar-South Kanara, where widespread light to moderate rain has occurred. There have been local showers in Assam Orissa, East Madhya Pradesh, the Konkan, South Hyderabad and coastal Andhradesa. A few showers have also occurred in sub-Himalayan West Bengal, Bihar, East Rajasthan, Deccan (Desh), North Hyderabad and Tamilnad.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL THE EVENING OF 8th:- Rainfall will be widespread along the west coast and in Mysore, Ralalaseema, coastal Andhradesa and Deccan (Desh) Scattered thundershowers are likely in West Bengal, Orissa, East Madhya Pradesh, in and near Madhya Bharat and Gujarat and in the hills of the Punjab (India) local duststorms or thunderstorms may occur in Rajasthan and the Plains of the Punjab.

The following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from June 1 1950 and departure from normal recorded at 8.30 hours I. S. T. June 7 1950:— Ahmedabad 99 81 0 0 0 Ambala 108 83 0 0 0 Bangalore 83 67 0 0.8 minus 0.3 Baroda 100 82 0 0 minus 0.3 Banaras 109 83 0 0.1 plus Bohpal 104 83 0 0 minus 0.5 Bombay 91 83 0 1.1 minus 1.1 Calcutta 98 83 0 0 minus 1.8 Cherrapunji 70 65 11.8 22.6 plus 4.5 Cochin 86 78 0.1 7.6 plus 1.6 Cuttack 101 Delhi 107 88 0 0 minus 0.1 Hyderabad (Dn) 90 76 0 0.2 minus 0.7 Indore 1 73 0 0 minus 0.5 Jamnagar 96 81 0 0 Kodaikanal 65 53 0 0.7 minus 0.6 Lahore 107 81 0 0 minus 0.1 Madras 100 84 0 0 minus 0.5 Mussoorie 78 64 0 0 minus 1.3 Mysore 84 69 0 1.3 plus 0.5 Nagpur 107 83 0 0.6 minus 0.6 Ootacamund 66 54 0 1.8 minus 0.2 Patna 101 84 0 0.1 minus 0.2 Patiala 105 81 0 0 0-Poona 91 74 0 0.6 minus Trivandrum 85 74 0.5 4.2 plus 0.5 Udaipur 103 76 0.3 0.4 minus 0.1.

Tariff Board Enquiry Into Pencils Industry

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Indian Tariff Board's public inquiry into the pencils industry will commence at 11 a.m. tomorrow at the office of the Board.

The inquiry into the oil pressure lamps industry will be held on June 27.

DARING HOLD-UP IN BOMBAY

Dacoits Speed Off In B. E. S. T. Cash Wagon

DRIVER STABBED: RS. 45,000 INVOLVED

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A STATION WAGON of the BEST carrying Rs. 45,000 in cash was held up this morning by a gang of desperate characters, who made away with not only the cash, but the vehicle itself. Five hours after the incident took place the Bombay Police traced the station wagon, lying abandoned near the Tardeo Tram Terminus. The driver of the vehicle who was stabbed by the men, has been admitted in a hospital, in a precarious condition.

The hold-up is learnt to have taken place at 6-20 in the morning. The Wagon, BMX 4602, left Electric House a few minutes earlier, with the amount in two steel boxes and two leather bags. There were three clerks of the BEST in charge of the amount, which was to be disbursed among the employees of the engineering section of the BEST, at Tardeo and Kings Circle depots.

When the wagon approached the junction of Mayo Road and Cooperage Road, about a furlong from Electric House, a stationary car, described as a black sedan, shot forward and blocked the station wagon, which had to pull up sharply to avert an accident.

Immediately, three men who were hovering about the scene, rushed forward towards the wagon, threatening the inmates with knives and daggers. It is learnt that two of the three clerks jumped out of the wagon, at the sight of the glistening knives and took to their heels. The third clerk who was about to follow suit, came to grips with the men who were holding them up, but he is stated to have eventually escaped.

The men then turned their attention to the driver of the vehicle, who was pulled out of his seat and stabbed. The man collapsed on the road with stab wounds in the abdomen and the right arm.

The men are learnt to have got into the wagon and driven off at great speed, the black sedan following them.

The clerks who ran away at sight of the hold-up men, are stated to have gone straight to their office and telephonically communicated to the police.

STATIONS ALERTED

The police have radioed a description of the black sedan as well as a description of the three persons who were seen by the clerks. All exits and entrances to Greater Bombay have been heavily guarded, stations being alerted to be on the lookout for the car and the men.

When the Gamdevi Police, who were on patrol duty near Tardeo Tram Terminus, came across the abandoned BEST wagon, they discovered that the money which it carried had been removed by the miscreants. An empty steel box was however left in it, after its contents had been removed.

The case is being investigated by Assistant Commissioner Neale, Assistant Commissioner Deshpande and Superintendent D. K. Pedneker.

PRIMARY CONGRESS PANCHAYATS

B.P.C.C's Note On Elections

Elections to about 10 panchayats in 'C', 'E' & 'F' Wards which could not be completed last time, have been declared and nominations will be accepted at the Office of the B.P.C.C. between 12 noon and 7 p.m. on Thursday and Friday and 12 noon and 6 p.m. on Saturday.

Nominations can be withdrawn up to 7 p.m. on Monday, June 12.

In the event of contest, polling will take place on Wednesday, June 14 between 8 a.m. and 4 p.m. continuously.

DETAILS OF PANCHAYATS

Elections to the following panchayats for the number of seats mentioned against them are hereby declared and nominations from intending candidates are invited so as to reach the office of the B.P.C.C. by 6 p.m. on Saturday, the 10th June:—

'C' WARD

KHARA TALAO TALUKA: 1. Bohri Mohalla panchayat, 5 seats.

BHULESHWAR TALUKA: 1. Bhoiwada panchayat, 3 seats.

DHOBI TALAO TALUKA: 1. Bhangwadi 3 seats. 2, Mahajan Wadi 3 seats.

'E' WARD.

GHORUPDEO TALUKA: 1. Haji Bunder, 8 seats.

'F' WARD.

NAIGAUM TALUKA: 1. Naigaum Chawls (South) panchayat 3 seats, 2. Naigaum Chawls (North) panchayat, 4 seats.

PAREL TALUKA: 1. Parel Village panchayat 4 seats.

SION TALUKA: 1. Sion Koliwada panchayat, 5 seats, 2. Koliwada Camp and Ravli Hills pt. 4 seats.

The nomination shall be in the prescribed form available free of charge at the office of the B.P.C.C. and the office of the District Congress Committee concerned. The nomination shall be filed either by the candidate in person or through a proposer or seconder who shall be primary members within the panchayat. Each candidate shall pay a sum of Rs. 2/- as fee at the time of filing nomination. The nominations will be accepted at the office of the B.P.C.C. between the hours 12 noon and 7 p.m. on Thursday and Friday and from 12 noon to 6 p.m. on Saturday. A candidate for any of the panchayats should be a Qualified member within the concerned Taluka. The scrutiny of nomination papers shall take place at the Congress House on Saturday, soon after the time for receiving nominations is over. The time for withdrawal of nomination shall be upto 7 p.m. on Monday, the 12th instant.

In case of contest in any of these panchayats, poll shall take place on Wednesday, the 14th between 8 a.m. and 4 p.m. continuously. The place of polling in respect of these panchayats where there is contest shall be duly published on the notice board of the D.C.C.'s office concerned. The poll shall be conducted in accordance with the rules laid down by the Congress Working Committee through duly authorised polling officers.

The electors of each panchayat shall be the primary members enrolled in that panchayat.

Radio Talk

All India Radio, Bombay, will broadcast tomorrow (Thursday) a talk in Gujarati on "CONTROLS" by the Hon'ble Shri Dinkarrao Desai Minister for Civil Supplies and Law The talk can be heard on Bombay 'A' at 8-30 P.M.

Rashtrabasha Exam. Results

The results of the Rashtrabhasha Examinations: Prarambic, Pravesh, Parichaya, Kovid and Ratna of Rashtrabhasha Prachar Samiti Wardha, which were held in April 1950 in the city of Bombay will be declared on June 15 in all the local papers. Marks and other particulars can be had from the office of the Rashtrabhasa Sabha, (Fellowship School Compound, Tenker Villa, Gowalia Tank, Bombay 26) from 3.30 to 6.30 p.m. on week days.

LOK SEVA SANGH ACTIVITIES

Shri Govindrao Harshe will speak on "social work and its various aspects" at a meeting which will be held under the auspices of the Lok Seva Sangh in its premises at Naigaum on Thursday, June 8, at 8 p.m.

Dr. D. B. Kulkarni will preside.

INDIA SECURITY PRESS

Workers' Case Before Arbitrator

(From Our Correspondent)

NASIK, June 5

Shri P. S. Varma, Chairman, Industrial Tribunal, Government of India, who was appointed as Arbitrator to settle the dispute between the workers and the management of the India Security Press, paid a visit to Nasik and heard the parties concerned.

The India Security Press Rashtriya Kamkar Union, were represented by Shri Vasantrao Naik, M.L.A. General Secretary of the Union and Shri V. Y. Yardi, Vice-President. They placed the workers' case before Shri P. S. Varma and suggested to him that their scales of pay be increased.

RATILAL GANDHI FOR 'VARSITY SENATE

Indian Merchants' Representative

Shri Ratilal Mulji Gandhi, M.L.C., has been elected as the Representative of the Indian Merchants' Chamber on the Senate of the Bombay University for a fresh term of five years beginning from August 4, 1950.

POSTER COMPETITION

BOMBAY, Tuesday.—The Indian Conference of Social Work announced today an all-India competition of poster and photographs relating to social work. The object of the competition is to encourage art in the field of social welfare and progress.

The themes of the competition include symbol of service by the people for the people, spread the light—adult education and literacy, poverty, refugees and child welfare—the hope of the future.

The last date for entries is November 15. The entries will be organised into an itinerant exhibition and will be shown in the principal towns and cities of the country.

Radio Club Workers On Strike

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Employees of Bombay Presidency Radio Club have struck work yesterday, demanding increase in D.A., revision of wage scales etc.

The General Secretary, Bombay Hotel Kamagar Union stated that the dispute was referred to the Conciliation Officer who made recommendations of increasing D. A. to Rs. 40/- improved pay scales, gratuity etc. It was stated that the Management refused to act up to these recommendations, and also rejected Adjudication or Arbitration Labour Judge.

YOU KNOW

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THROWING BANANA SKIN AT RANDOM ON STATION PLATFORMS

TRAVELLING ON FOOTBOARDS

RAILWAYS WANT YOUR CO-OPERATION IN ABSTAINING FROM THESE ACTS

B.B. & C.I. AND G.I.P. RAILWAYS

The Pulse Of The City

TOPER ROBBED: A man who was dead drunk was robbed of his gold wrist watch, silver cigarette case, fountain pen and cash at Churchgate Station Tuesday night. Five persons arrested in this connection were placed before Mr. M. J. Gordhandas, Presidency Magistrate at the Esplanade Court on Wednesday when they were allowed bail.

MISAPPROPRIATION: Dwarkanath N. Jayawant, it is alleged, induced a merchant to part with 25 maunds of tamarind, promising to secure higher price for same. He is then alleged to have sold it for Rs. 522-8 and misappropriated the proceeds. He was arrested on Tuesday and subsequently released on bail.

KNOCKED DOWN: Ghastia Alladin (25), a hand-cart drawer was knocked down by a motor lorry near Masjid Bunder on Tuesday morning. He died on his way to hospital.

RUN OVER: Two persons were run over and killed while trying to cross the railway line on Tuesday. The first, a Hindu woman, aged about 30 years, was knocked down by a local train at Mahim. The other, a Hindu male, died at Sion Causeway. The Police have not yet been able to trace their relatives.

BRIBE: Surajmal Ramchandra, a city business man was convicted and sentenced to undergo three months' rigorous imprisonment by Mr. James Menezes, Presidency Magistrate, at the V. T. Court, Surajmal, it is stated, offered Rs. 50 to a parcel clerk at Wadi Bunder for booking a parcel to Gaya, but was 'trapped' while attempting to pay the money on February 23.

REGIONAL TRANSPORT OFFICE: Cash transactions in the Regional Transport Office, Bombay, will be open between 11 a.m. and 3 p.m. on week days and between 11 a.m. and 1 p.m. on Saturdays, from June 12, 1950.

WATER SCARCITY IN KALYAN

(From Our Correspondent)

KALYAN June 7.

The water scarcity situation in Kalyan has now become worse In some wells not a drop of water could be found. If monsoon fails to start early the people of certain localities will have to go without water even for drinking.

Public complain that the Kalyan City's population has been enormously increased from the year 1942 and the Government or the municipality has not made any arrangement for proper supply of water. Every year public are experiencing the same difficulty yet authorities ignore this important issue.

When Municipal authorities were asked as how far their Water supply scheme has been complete they said the work of the scheme had already been commenced at Badlapur water works and that the construction of extra tanks were in progress and that the city would get water by the next monsoon.

Public are very anxiously awaiting the water taps in their houses to over come this difficulty.

From TOMORROW

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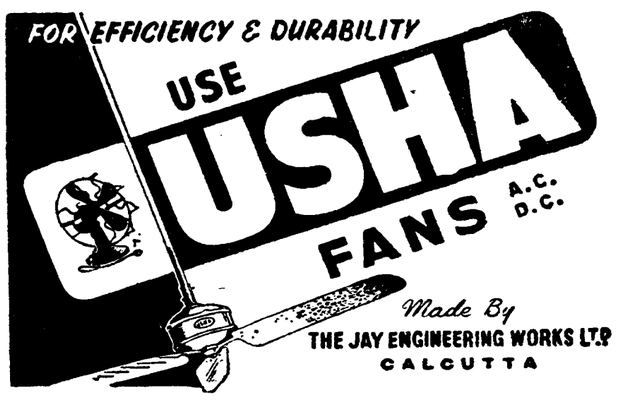

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BOVRIL THE GREAT BODY BUILDER

The Bombay Chronicle

GROUP AREAS BILL

The provisions of the South African Group Areas Bill, the obstinate determination with which it is being pushed through and speeches of South African Whites especially of the sponsor of the Bill, the Minister of the Interior, Dr. Douges, are more than sufficient proof does not mean to respect the main purpose for which the United Nations instructed the three countries, India, Pakistan and South Africa to come together in a tripartite round table conference. As a New Delhi message says, Indian authoritative quarters felt that the action of the South African Government in pursuing this new measure, while the date and venue of the Round Table Conference were being discussed, left no room for doubt that the Union Government were determined to pursue their "policy of Apartheid', irrespective of the outcome of the deliberations at the Round Table Conference". The conference, as directed by the United Nations General Assembly, to discuss the issue of the disabilities of Indians and Pakistanis in South Africa. What the White Government of South Africa is doing is to increase those disabilities to the very limit and to legalise them by Parliamentary legislation. This is a direct negation of the one and only purpose of the Round Table Conference and a blatant and unquestionable defiance of the United Nations. The Bill is of such a nature that India could have justifiably cancelled all commitments in respect of the Round Table Conference immediately on the introduction of that outrageous measure. It is a testimony to India's persistent desire for a negotiated settlement of the dispute that this country took the course of trying to persuade the South African Government not to press the measure through pending the Round Table Conference. The representations made by India and, late, by Pakistan have proved entirely ineffective.

In the circumstances there was no decent or logical alternative left but to withdraw from the proposed round table conference. What could the conference discuss or achieve in the circumstances? Indeed, participation now would mean openly surrendering the very case of the entire dispute. It is, therefore, surprising that Pakistan should adopt a different attitude towards the round table conference inspite of the policy of White South Africa as declared in the Bill and inspite of the rejection by the Union Government of Pakistan's request to withdraw the Bill. It is known that Pakistan's general attitude towards the Union of South Africa is dictated to a large extent by trade considerations. But must those considerations override the entire issue of the dispute with South Africa so completely as to lead to the acceptance of the very situation against which India and Pakistan appealed to the United Nations? For this will be the meaning of participation in the round table conference by Pakistan now. With what face will the Pakistan representative defend the conduct of his Government when the question comes before the United Nations Assembly in August.

For the next stage in the long-drawn dispute will now be not a round table conference but a report by India to the United Nations about the latest developments. The United Nations Assembly passed the dispute on to a round table conference in order that the three countries should discuss the rights and wrongs of India's charges. The Union Government of Malan has pre-judged the entire issue and sought to extend the disabilities of Indians and to legalise them. This is openly and deliberately ignoring the latter and spirit of the U.N. resolution and, indeed, cocking-the-snook at the United Nations Organisation as, years ago, the Nazi Gauleiter of Danzig, Dr Greisser did at the League of Nations. It has now become an inescapable challenge to the United Nations and the Organisation will have to face it now.

Tete-a-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT

SINGAPORE, June 7 (PTI-Reuter): Britain's new "string man" in Malaya, Lieutenant-General Sir Harold Briggs was today launching his plan to break the back of Communist guerilla warfare in the Federated States.

Authorities here said spectacular results were not expected at any stage of the drive, which they believed would extend over many months.

* *

Shri Kala Venkatrao, the Congress General Secretary, declares himself quite confident that in the next elections the Congress would gain "ninety per cent success in the States and cent per cent in Parliament."

Splendid. But—what Congress and what Congressmen?

* *

The Bombay Government has, we read, set up an Inter-Departmental Secretariat Planning Committee with a view to facilitating prompt and regular consultation with and co-operation of the Government of India in the work of the National Planning Commission in the Bombay State.

We are shocked. It is clear that this move represents the beginning of a process to create parallel Cabinets in the States too.

Dr. John Mathai, where art thou?

* *

In a tribute to Baba Kharak Singh on his 83rd birthday, the Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, says the great and venerable anti-communal Nationalist "stands like a beacon-light to others, who draw courage from his example."

If only the beacon-blind could see that light.

* *

Apropos of the Indian Government's decision not to participate in the Round Table Conference with South Africa, the Government of Pakistan are, according to Karachi reports, still willing to attend the conference despite an unsatisfactory reply from the South African Government to a Pakistan request to postpone enactment of the Group Areas Bill.

After all is said and not done, sorry, after all is said and done, if the issue is coal vs. colour, coal must win.

*

According to another Karachi report reliable sources have discounted the reported statement of the Minister of the Interior of the Government of South Africa that Pakistan and India had been informed of the provisions of the Group Areas Bill during the February talks in Cape Town.

A protest is entirely unwarranted. For obvious and unquestionable reasons a white lie must be acknowledged as a prerogative of the spokesmen of the South African Government and an unchallengeable domestic concern of the "Union" Government.

* *

Speaking at Mussoorie Mr. H. V. Kamath M.P. said that the recent speeches of Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan in America, expressing fear of aggression from India, deserved serious consideration.

Mr. Liaquat Ali himself has given serious consideration to that statement. In fact, he is reported to have urged that he shouldn't be taken seriously at all.

* *

Britain, a British Foreign office spokesman has revealed, is preparing a version of the Schuman Plan which would be acceptable to Britain and permit her to come in.

It would, of course, be the British Plan for the rehabilitation and integration of Western Europe.

Yorkshire Builds

MACHINERY AND TRACTORS FOR INDIA

By Our Correspondent

LONDON, (BY AIR).

TWENTY-five journalists from different parts of the world, including your correspondent, were recently invited by the Ministry of Supply to visit Yorkshire, known all over the world for its pudding. Yorkshire is also famed for its textile industry. Cricket is another of the many attractions of this county. Above all, it is the home of Brontes. Laurence Sten, and Priestly.

The journalists, amongst whom was also a representative of the Tass, Russian news agency, neither ate the Yorkshire pudding nor saw the home of Brontes. They spent two days mostly visiting factories as the object of the Ministry in organising the tour was to project the British industry on the pages of world press. Almost every country in the world had large or small contacts with Yorkshire enterprise. India's contacts are long and firm.

GOODS FOR INDIA

Nearly a century ago the firm of Messrs. Fairburn Lawson Combe Barbour first sent jute making machinery to India, and continues to do so today. Messrs. David Brown Ltd. recently sent a tractor by air to East Punjab and expect to send many more in the near future. Messrs J & H Mc Laren keeps India supplied with Diesel engines. One saw several 50 kilowatt generating sets ready for shipment to India.

The people of Yorkshire are rightly reputed for their robust commonsense. Her businessmen are described as "the shrewdest and hardest business men in the world". The journalists' personal contact with these men only confirmed this widely held belief. Yet, it seemed strange that many of them did not seem to realise that the seller's market was closing up. that British prices were "too high" and that soon the industry would have to face the competition of German, French, Italian and Japanese industries. They also did not fully appreciate the desire of countries like Australia and India to set up their own industries in fields where Britain was able to supply them better and cheaper goods.

IMPORT RESTRICTIONS

There was almost general complaint about import restrictions imposed by India, and other countries. These import restrictions were unavoidable while shortage of sterlings continued. As a high official of British Industries Fair said that India must give first place to her requirements of food and capital goods in drawing up her import schedule,. Other things, howsoever necessary and desirable must take their place in the queue. He did not believe that a large number of Indian importers placed orders without obtaining import licences. Many Yorkshire businessmen conceded that on the whole they received a fair and square deal, from Indian importers.

LONG TERM VIEW

Mr. Cama, leader of the Indian delegation to the Imperial Press Conference also referred to complaint about import licences, in the short speech he made at the luncheon given in his honour by India and Eastern Newspaper Society in London. He said that these restrictions, though unavoidable, today, would not be there for ever. If British manufacturers judged the future from their present turn-over from India, they would be making a mistake. They should take a long range view and continue to keep their goods before the Indian public by advertising in Indian press. With this view no thoughtful business man can disagree.

Most of the factories visited by the journalists were firms of enterprises of long standing. Yet, everywhere there were signs of progressive outlook and desire to cover new ground. If this outlook is maintained British industry can be assured of a great place in the industrial and business life of the world.

INDIAN AGRICULTURE

Nearly three-fourths of the people of India are directly engaged or dependent on agriculture Yet India's foremost industry, which furnishes the means of subsistence to one eighth of the human race and provides raw materials for India's industries, is little better than a 'depressed' industry. Yield per acre of crops is hardly one third or one fourth of the yield in other countries. The yield must increase if her people are not to starve? How can the yield be increased? In other countries, including the Soviet Union, mechanisation of farming, has done the trick. At present the agricultural implements used over large areas in India are almost similar to those used in the days of Manu. These anti-diluvian weapons will have to be replaced, but in view of the precarious condition of Indian economy, progress towards mechanisation will have to be slow.

The fact that Messrs. David Brown Ltd. sent a tractor to India by air recently, shows the process of mechanisation has commenced, that the urgency of mechanisation is realised. Recently the company's export-manager visited India and Pakistan. He formed favourable impressions. He thinks as soon as import restrictions are eased India would ask for modern implements.

The company have on their export assembly line various kinds of tractors needed to streamline agriculture industry. It is claimed the concern "alone amongst British manufacturers" can offer a wide choice of models with the Cropmaster, a wheeled tractor with alternative paraffin, petrol or Diesel engine. These are easy to run and economical to operate. The company also turn out a wide range of ploughs.

NEW LOOK FOR JUTE MILLS

Messrs. Fairburn Lawson Combe Barbour, whose works were visited by the journalists, produce textile machinery for processing jute, flax hemp and hard fibres from raw materials to the finished yarns, cloths, cordage, twines and rope. The Company has many of its machines in India and thus it can be said that many of things we use in India are made or stitched with material spun on the machinery made by this concern, which was formed in 1833. Pakistan has recently placed orders for jute plant with the company. The concern started the rope industry, Turkey and woolpack industry in France and equipped the first sack making factory in Persia. At present the firm's fitters are installing plant in Belgium, Italy, France, and South America. It was claimed by a high official of the Com-

(Continued on page 5)

OUR READERS' VIEWS

All-India Census

In view of the partition of India the next census assumes a new aspect. For purposes of demographic studies I would suggest to the All India Census Commissioner that while publishing new census figures within our shrunken frontiers he will see his way to compute figures for similar areas for past censuses preferably from 1901 onwards. A comparison then will be very easy. Also in view of our programme for self-sufficiency in food by 1951 I suggest that a detailed comprehensive study of our fertility be undertaken and analysis published at length in the Main All India Report. After all if we do not tackle the problem of fertility and allied problems we are not going to produce enough for half-a-million mouths that keep on being born from year to year.

—S. F. DESAI.

Women And Public Services

I am opposed to women being engaged in public services except in schools, hospitals and other social works, however I may be accused of being old fashioned. I am amply convinced that if women take up to such things. It is bound to have a disastrous effect on their homes. One may turn round and tell, that in Europe, England and America women are manning the public services, If they do it, it has its necessary evils. Now a days, in India too, there is a tendency among women to follow western standards in this respect. Of course, there are many women who must work to earn their living and they must have jobs. To ensure these women, who do not need work should draw from competition. So these women are assured of jobs. Besides I would like to point out that it would be much better if we can avoid women being employed in services where men are forced to suffer unemployment, which is much more dangerous to social and political stability of the country. I would call upon the government to pass a legislation to restrict women having comfortable means of living from being employed in public services.

—JOE PEREIRA

"Poona University"

Mr. B. J. Kelshikar, in your issue of the 5th June, has appealed to the Poona University authorities to hald morning classes for the convenience of office-going students.

I would suggest that, for a start, the Narayanrao Topiwalla College at Mulund, which is affiliated to the Poona University, may be turned into a morning college from the next academic year.

This would be a great facility and an attraction to hundreds of students hailing from Thana and its neighbourhood, who are at present obliged to go to distant colleges.

—ANGELO MOSES

Institute Of Industrial Relations

The complexity of the subject of modern Industrial Relations has been realized in recent years. Particularly in India there is a great and urgent need to encourage study and research in the subject of Industrial Relations. The reasons are firstly, the management, charged as they are with the difficult task of piloting the various industries through the turbulent waters of human relations, have displayed a lamentable lack of foresight and capacity to tackle problems of Industrial Relations within their respective domains,—they badly need education. Secondly, a large majority of the working people in factories are either illiterate or semi-literate. They are unable to understand the complex character of the Industrial Legislation. Its true significance and utility to educate the work people in the intricate net work of Industrial Relations is a stupendous task.

These can properly be fulfilled only by an expert body An organization can be set up through the various Labour Officers working in our mills and factories. They have an intimate contact with Managements and Labour. Through their normal work they can accumulate experience of labour psychology, labour problems and the way Managements deal with the workers. If this experience is discussed and exchanged, one is assured of an abundance of material for new Industrial Legislation and useful amendments to the existing laws. It will also help to create a better machinery and understanding of the methods of tackling labour problems. The whole institution would thus be raised to a position of respect in the eyes of the workers.

Furthermore, through such an organization the Labour Officers can also improve their status and conditions of work. It would not be merely a research body, but also a professional Association devoted to improve the conditions of Labour Officers.

It would be appropriate to name the proposed organization "The Institute of Industrial Relations" Its objects should include inter alia, the organization of all Labour Officers improving their status and conditions of work, research in the field of Industrial Relations, meetings, discussion groups, propaganda, etc., and pioneering essential pieces of Labour Legislations and making suggestions for the improvement of the machinery of Labour Administration.

With a view to give a concrete shape to the above idea, a meeting of the Labour Officers has been convened by the end of this month.

—L. B. KUMAR

U.S. Military Aid To S.E. Asia

GEN. BRADLEY'S VIEW

WASHINGTON, June 7 (PTI-Reuter): General Omar Bradley Chairman of the United States Joint Chiefs of Staff said today that the joint chiefs were convinced that the South East Asian countries should be included in the 1951 military assistance programme.

Requests for assistance from countries in South East Asia were now being received and studied.

He also told the House of Representatives Foreign Affairs Committee, which is studying the Arms for Allies Bill, that if the rate of progress of the military aid programme and defence planing were continued, Western Europe could be defended and held against any enemy attack.

Some shipments of small arms and ammunition were already on the move to South-East Asia.

Asked about including Western Germany in the collective security forces General Bradley said that from a strictly military point of view he believed the defences of Western Europe could be strengthened by Germany's inclusion.

Gordon Walker To Visit Australia

LONDON, Jun e7 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Patrick Gordon Walker, Secretary for Commonwealth Relations, has accepted an invitation to visit Australia and New Zealand early next month, Australia radio announced today.

Resolving Tensions

No country, so soon after achieving its independence, has faced so many communal and group tensions as India is facing today. There are religious, provincial, linguistic and racial controversies. Communal riots we have inherited from the past and though isolated now to certain areas, they have become more virulent and devastating and threaten not only internal peace but may embroil us into an armed conflict with our neighbour. Though by partition we lost a part of the country, in the rest of the territory a greater sense of unity was achieved than was known before. The integration of the States levelled down barriers. But new acute differences have cropped up to threaten the unity of India Linguistic and provincial rivalries are developing into an unhealthy state. Inspite of the appeals from the leaders of the nation the group mentality has come to stay and is threatening to partition the country anew. At such a time the UNESCO announcement that it is deputing Dr. Gardner Murphy, the American psychologist to advise the Government of India in the study of communal and group tensions will be welcomed by all. Dr. Gardner will be in India for six months and will contact university professors, research scholars, administrative heads and political, social, communal and religious leaders. Simultaneously, leading universities in the country, will undertake the study of group, tensions and submit reports. Dr. Gardner will begin his work with a conference of social scientists, university professors, national leaders and administrators. If the study is confined to these people we are afraid it would remain only of academic interest. Dr. Gardner and his Indian co-workers must go to the masses, petty politicians, small leaders, orthodox priests, rank communalists, irresponsible critics and unscrupulous adventurers if they are to get at the truth. The more provincia, narrower in outlook and communal-minded persons they meet, the more they are likely to get at the source of these troubles. Though the repercussions of communal riots have been far and wide and discussed in the press there has never been an organised attempt to analyse the psychological causes behind this murderous mania. The instigators and real culprits have always remained behind the curtain, thanks to the apparent indifference and unwillingness of the old authorities Several persons could have been put up for trial for instigating communal riots by supplying arms if certain revelations at the Gandhi Murder Trial were pursued. Perhaps the evidence was not convincing enough. Any way the research of Dr. Gardner Murphy would be of great interest if he can give psychological reasons behind the different tensions and suggest ways to ease them. Also it will be interesting to know how far they are artificially fanned by political agitators to gain their own ends.

Thought For The Day

Realistic humanism has no more dangerous an enemy than that speculative idealism, or 'spiritualism', which in place of the real individual man sets up the consciousness or mind.

—KARL MARX.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Stamp It Out

The sentence of two months' rigorous imprisonment and the fine of Rs. 200 imposed on a ticket collector highlights the complaints voiced by many people that corruption reigns supreme in the railways, especially in departments which control the issue of tickets and the booking of goods. No doubt, these allegations are greatly exaggerated, for a man who has been refused a ticket on the ground that all tickets have been sold out, rushes to the conclusion that there is some foul play afoot. But there is the case of those who aver that though they had been refused tickets in the first instance, they have been able to get it through "influence"! It will naturally help the authorities if these persons contact them instead of rushing to the press. But even after such a complaint appears in the press, the railway authorities should investigate the matter and bring the offenders to book. The railway booking office is not the private property of individuals, however eminent, for them to distribute the tickets to the favoured few. And then there is the talk of the "racket" in the issue of "through" tickets, which, it is alleged, are available only if certain hands are "greased". It is not possible for the third class traveller who is often in a hurry, to seek the laborious process of law and trap the offender with marked notes. He succumbs to the temptation of giving the extra five rupees that are asked of him, and getting his ticket. If, however, the railway authorities, assure us that they will take swift action against the offender and—what is more important—see that the complainant gets his ticket, the public will co-operate with the railway authorities who at the moment seem to be maintaining an olympian aloofness, rarely accessible to the common man.

Escape!

A small international incident flared at Stockholm the other day when a young Estonian jumped a Soviet ship, the "Tosno" carrying coal to Sweden. He took a somewhat more dramatic way of "choosing freedom" than the hundreds that have been arriving from Communist areas over recent months. Enn Kustin, 22, was one of six Estonians in the crew, says Worldover Press. He had been to Sweden on ships three times before. But this time, by the merest chance, he heard two young men whistling a popular Estonian tune as they passed the ship. He joined in, got their attention and exchanged a few words. That night he crawled over the side to meet them and they put him in hiding. Captains and political instructors on Soviet ships are said to be held personally responsible if they let a crew member jump ship in a foreign port. So the captain protested to the police, and the Soviet Consul arrived for an investigation. The "Tosno" left, then returned the next day unexpectedly, in apparent hope that Kustin would have come out of hiding. Not until later did he give himself up, however. Sweden has granted him asylum and rejected a Soviet demand for extradition.

The Place Of English

There have been so many contradictory statements issued about the future of English that it is time that there was another authoritative statement issued on the subject. At present English is to continue for the next fifteen years as the State language till it is replaced gradually by Hindi. In view of this there have been attempts to adjust the educational curriculum, some of them had to be given up as impractical. There has been so much confusion in the minds of educational authorities and the public that the original firm stand on the subject seems to have become shaky. The universities have insisted that English will have to remain as a medium of instruction in colleges for some time to come. In scientific and medical education English is indispensable. So it is for international contact in commerce, business and politics. Let us hope that the view expressed by India's Health Minister Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, in a speech at London, is an indication of the fact that the Government is taking a more realistic view of the problem. Rajkumari Amrit Kaur said that Indian students must not give up the study English because, in addition to a "lingua franca" like Hindi, we must have an international language and that was inevitably English.

Refugee Tax?

Among the decisions of the All-India Refugees Convention which met recently at Ludhiana is one for raising funds by levying a special tax all over the country. The suggestion has been made before but it has not won the support of the Government. Since Mr. Mohanlal Saxena on resigning his Ministership for Rehabilitation remarked that instead of Rs. 200 crores he had only some Rs. 70 crores to dispose off, the question of funds has assumed considerable importance. It is not a matter of distributing available funds but of straining every nerve to increase the money at its disposal. It is generally accepted that the resettlement of refugees is the main interest of the country. It is necessary that concrete action should be taken to ensure that in the shortest possible time the living conditions of the refugees be raised from the present unbearable conditions. The Convention with rare restraint referred to the lives of those who have been forced to live under canvas. This is understatement with a vengeance. The idea of a tax is not one that can be ignored. If it is judicially distributed, it should yield the amount needed and solve the financial problem. Nor must it be forgotten that early rehabilitation will enable the refugees to contribute to the national life of the country and to live full lives themselves.

THEATRE IN INDIA

By Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya.

DEEPLY rooted in all peoples, of all times lands and climes, is the love of the theatricals. In the early days many of these came to be centred around festivals, shrines and temples. From these there developed companies of players of hereditary actors belonging to particular families or localities.

In the villages of India, the more notable of these still continue even though in a faded form and fall in patronage.

In every land, the earliest drama seems to have had its origin in the religious legends of the people. According to the Indian lore, drama had its birth in Devaloka, the abode of the Gods, and Shiva, its originator, was known as Nataraja, and Adinata the various titles meaning the lord of acting. He is sometimes known also as Mahanata, the greatest of actors and the very first actor.

Bharata compiled Natya Shastra, India's ancient standard work on the science of drama written before the 5th century B.C. and contains very elaborate details on dramatic production and stage.

INDIAN NATIONAL THEATRE

The rising tide of national awakening is already stimulating cultural springs. Just as the awakening of the national consciousness acts as a lever to cultural expansion, similarly the cultural forms lead to an expansion of national dignity and free imagination. Drama is the spiral along which mankind is able to rise above its interrogating mind into the sphere of direct experience. That is why it is so important and its content as significant as its technique of expression.

The most promising, with every portent to form the main stream of this urge, is the Indian National Theatre. Its very composition makes it not only a force of today but the power of tomorrow as well, as it has been created and nurtured by young people, with exemplary devotion and selfless industry. There are new springing up many such groups fired by the same inspiration, The Indian National Theatre took the initiative in forming an All-India National body and soon began to study theatre movements abroad with a view to linking up with them through the International Theatre Institute—one of the UNESCO agencies.

INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTE

The UNESCO had launched the International Theatre Institute with a view to bringing the theatre movements of the various countries together into a single body. At its first Congress it had drawn up a Charter which said: Theatrical art is a universal expression of mankind and possesses the influence and power to link large groups of the world's people. It set up the International Theatre Institute to promote international exchange. This body holds annual Congress to devise ways and means to make the I.T.I. an active agency in fostering closer human relationships. For this purpose the I.T.I. has a programme for holding Seminars organised around a theme such as: The role of the Theatre in the World of Today; it gives grants to students to enable them to undergo specialised course in acting or production; it is organising a conference and exhibition on Theatre Architecture and it promotes and facilitates international tours for National Theatre groups.—A.I.R. Broadcast.

BAD TO THRUST IDEAS UPON THE CHILD

Joosten Commends Montessori System Of Education

A PLEA for learning from the child rather than teaching him was made this evening by Prof. A. M. Joosten, personal representative of Dr. M. Montessori.

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

He was speaking on "Montessori Method and the Child" under the auspices of the Bombay Branch of the Royal Asiatic Society at the Durbar Hall. Miss Amy Rustomji presided.

Speaking extempore for nearly 80 minutes to a packed gathering, Dr. Joosten said that it required infinite patience and understanding to teach a child.

Under no circumstances should ideas be forced upon the child.

Human reclamation, he continued, was the essence of the Montessori method. It aimed at creating the right environment wherein the child could develop his special gifts spontaneously.

He drew a vivid and detailed picture of a child trained in the Montessori method.

MOST DEMOCRATIC

He claimed that compared with other systems, the Montessori method was the most democratic one.

Even in an advanced and wealthy country like America the education of the Youth was directed along wrong lines because when the students there came out of their schools and colleges they were unable to face the problems of life effectively.

Giving an example of the lack of social consciousness even in such a highly progressive country as U.S.A., he said the fabulous sum spent on education there equalled only four days' expenditure on cigars and cigarettes! He criticised the present educational system which, he said, killed the child's personality.

Prof. Joosten concluding, said that the Montessori movement vividly brought home to the child all the latent possibilities of being brought, without learning such dry as dust subjects like arithmetical logarithms, the mechanical facts of births and deaths of Kings in history or other factual details which could be more profitably learnt otherwise.

Mr. G. M. Moraes, Hon. Secretary of the Society, proposed a vote of thanks.

MACHINERY AND TRACTORS FOR INDIA

(Continued from page 4)

pany that their new machines would revolutionise the jute industry.

CRANES AND EXCAVATORS

Later the correspondents visited the works of Messrs. Thomas Smith & Sons who specialise in cranes and excavators. They make cranes and excavators of all sizes and shapes, which may be operated by steam diesel engine or electric power. They send their production to all parts of the world and at present are earning dollars from Canada. Joseph Booth & Bros. Ltd., who have their works next door, also manufacture cranes of all types. The firm has fine relations with India, and the manager said they would be pleased to train young Indians in their works. They have already trained some in the maintenance and operation of their cranes.

Messrs. Henry Berry & Co. Ltd., who commenced business in 1886, are famed for their hydraulic presses. They make presses of all types from 5 tons to 5,000 tons and ancillary equipment such as high pressure pumps and accumulators. They also design and manufacture equipments for heavy engineering workshops. The robust design and high factor of safety, it is said, has proved to be an invaluable asset to basic industries in countries in and out of the Commonwealth.

ENGINEERING & CHEMICAL MANUFACTURE

The tour ended with a visit to Thorncliffe. Thorncliffe is neither a township, a village, nor a parish. It is an industrial colony about seven miles north of Sheffield, occupied by the works of Newton Chambers Ltd. The history of the Company began in 1793 when two persons, George Newton and Thomas Chambers, owners of a small foundary in Sheffield, explored the valley to find a suitable site for a furnace to build a new industry. They found minerals, including coal, and sought permission to work them. Till the coal mines were taken away from the Company under the Nationalisation Act in 1947 the Company used to employ about 8,000 persons. Even today about 4,000 persons work in the Company's works. The Company's main activities are in the fields of engineering and chemical manufacture. It sends its chemical products to India and other countries. Izal, manufactured by the Company, is used in the treatment of rubber trees. Pakistan recently bought 30,000 gallons of Izal and nearly 20,000 gallons are awaiting shipment to India. But what the correspondents saw was not the machines and plant, but something of human value. We are not entirely concerned with the production of this and gallons of that. We aim at bringing a smile into work and better relationship into the daily discourse of men and men, manager and operative, that they might find, in addition to wage packet, some general feeling of satisfaction at "something attempted, something done", said Sir Harold West, managing director. And after seeing the social and recreational centres at the work one could say that Sir Harold, who has a lifetime association with the Boy Scout movement, is earnestly trying to bring sunshine into the lives of his men and women. Sir Harold feels that one can short-circuit bitterness and soreness by methods he follows. In this concern some girls received two shillings more than boys for the same work and offered to take boys to the pictures. Once this nearly caused a strike. Sir Harold, of course, does not believe in Communism. But some of the things he is doing for his workers follow the pattern of things in the Soviet Union. But then it is only right that we should take what is good in Communist way of life.

Ahmedabad Share Market

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, June 7.

Market takes a bullish sentiment day by day fluctuations Calico opened 247/4, Highest 248/4, Arvind opened 758, Lowest 755 Highest 767, Ambica opened 290/8, highest 291/8, Deferred opened 1655, Highest 1672, closing quotations Calico 248, Arvind 765, Ambica 291, Deferred 1672 Newshorok 541.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER

NEW YORK, June 7.

Previous closing	..	32.99
Today's opening	..	33.00
Difference		+1
Today's closing		33.03
Difference		+4

Stop Press

MOTOR ACCIDENT

KANPUR, June 7 (PTI): Two persons were killed and three others were seriously injured today in a motor accident about seven miles from here on the Kanpur-Unnap Road. The car which was proceeding to village Shafipur, in Unnao District, struck a tree while the driver was trying to avoid a pedestrian. The owner of the car and his daughter were killed instantaneously. The injured were admitted into a Kanpur hospital.

Madras Share Bazar

MADRAS, June 7.

Following are today's quotations in the Madras Stock Exchange:—

Govt of Travancore three per cent paper 97/4 three per cent 1986 97/7 three per cent 1970/75 99/14 three per cent 1966/68 100/2/6.

Govto of Travancore three per cent 1952/54 102/6 Govt. of Madras three per cent 1956 100/10 three per cent 1960 100/5.

BANKS:—Travancore 14/9.

SUGAR AND BRWERIES: Deccan 19/6 Mysore 46/3.

PLANTINGS: Chamberas 5/7 Devashola cd 16/- Ouchterlony 6/4/6 Pullangode cd 1/7 Thriumbadi 2/5/6 T.R. and T.Co. 5/10 Vaikundam 7/11/6.

TEXTILES: Balasubramania 46/8 Bangalore woollen 230 Buckingham 136/8 Buckingham pref 189 Cambodia 11/- Coimbatore cm 139 Coimbatore Pioneer 118/- Coimbatore spg 52/8 Dhanalakshmi 227 Lakshmi 74 Janardhana 101/4 Madura 36/8 Mettur 337/8 Mysore spun 5/15 Pankaja 100 Radhakrishna 182 Raja Lakshmi 72/8 Ranga Vilas 59/12 Trav Rayons 4/1 Trichinopoly 13/- Vasantha 108/8.

MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra cement 70/- Fact 6/1 India cement 17/- Mettur Chem 5/8 Mysore Chem and Ferts 8/6 Mysore paper 10/2 Spence 11/5.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Better Tone

CALCUTTA, June 7. (PTI-Reuter): The market continued its better tone in jute, coal, tea and miscellaneous industrial sections and a fair turnover took place.

Following are today's final ansactions upto 3 p.m:—

GOVT SECURITIES:—Three percent Govt. paper 97/3 s lot, Three per cent loan 1986 97/11 s lots, Three per cent loan 1955/55 101/9 Three percent loan 1951/54 100/15, Three percent loan 1959/61 101/4, Three per cent loan 1957 101/8, Three per cent loan 1970/75 99/13/6.

BANKS:—Imperial (fully paid) 1820 ct, Hindustan Mercantile 19/12, United Commercial 44/12.

COTTONS:—Cawnpore Textiles 9/15, new victoria ordy 2/4 ditto pref 4/4.

COALS:—Bharat colliery 6/13 bhalgora 8/3 burrakur 13/15 new churulia 1/13.

JUTES:—Alliance 150/- Anglo-India 228/- s lots barnagore 227/- bally 237 caledonian 182 delta 225 gourepore 450 howrah 29/3 India 158/- s lot megna 141 presidency 9/4 orient 199/- kamarhatty 256 national 24/14 nuddea 68/8 reliance 21/-

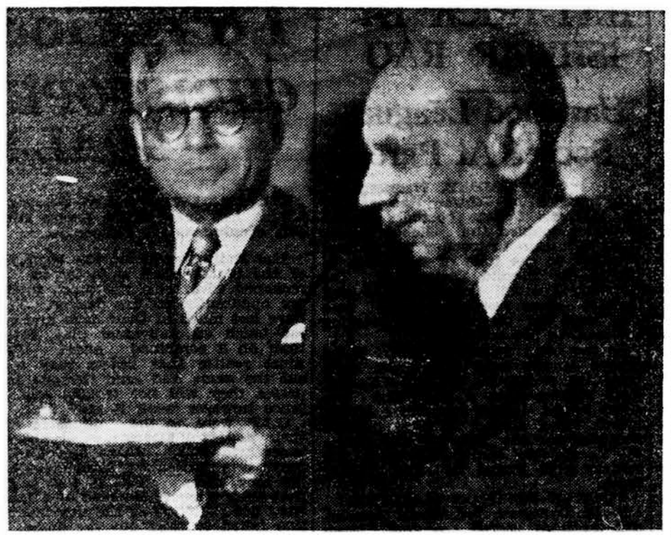
ENGINEERING:—Indian steel and wire products ordy 47/14 Indian Iron and steel 30/2 jessop and co 15/4 kumardhubi eng 7/15 marshalls 7/15 steel corpn 20/15 textile machiners 6/7.

MISCELLANEOUS:—Copper 2/4 sone valley 6/5 alluminium corpn 6/9 bic 8/8 Jardine Henderson 48/- martin burn 16/- national tobacco 18/12 Bengal paper ordy 50/8 shree gopal paper 11/4 orient paper 34/8 Indian Indian steamship 6/11 Assam saws 8/-

SUGARS:—Barbhanga 9/12 raza 72/4.

TEAS:—Baghamari 20/4 Bhatkowa 27/8 brooke bond 70/12 s lot daurachera 10/- dibrugarh 12/6 gungarm 270/- ct ledo 137/8 namburnadi 9/4 rajgarh 31/8 seajuli 42/8 ct.—PTI.

RECEPTION TO MILI TARY DELEGATION



His Excellency Syed Ali Zahe er, India's Ambassador in Iran, photographed at a reception he heid in honour of the Indian Military delegation which visited Te heran to participate in the Interment Ceremonies of the late Raza Shah the Great. M. Ali Mansur, Prime Minister of Iran is seen here with the Ambassador.

Re-Issue Currency Notes Of Higher Denominations

INDIAN COMMERCE BODY'S APPEAL TO GOVERNMENT

NEW DELHI, June 7 (UPI).

THE Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry has urged the Government of India to authorise the Reserve Bank of India to re-issue the currency notes of higher denomination as early as possible, it is learnt.

In the course of a communication to the Government of India on this, the Subject Committee of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry is stated to have drawn their attention to the inconvenience caused to banks and the commercial community in general by the withdrawal from circulation of all currency notes of higher denominations.

The Committee, it is learnt, has assured the Government that as the designs of the new high denomination notes will be entirely different from those which were previously in circulation there is no possibility of such old notes being cashed.

Hoshiarpur Doctor To Die

HOSHIRPUR, June 7, (PTI): The District and Sessions Judge of Hoshiarpur yesterday sentenced to death Dr. Tara Singh of Karnal on the charge of murdering one Bal Singh, a contractor of Karnal in December last.

The prosecution stated that Dr. Tara Singh along with two others, who are still absconding, took the victim to a jungle shot him, and hacked the body to pieces.

The Judge held that the murder was planned and the accused must pay the extreme penalty of the law.

IRRESPONSIBLE TALK

Jayaprakash Cautions Railwaymen

NAGPUR, June 7. (PTI): 250 delegates representing various affiliated unions and 100 visitors attened the Silver Jubilee Convention of the All India Railwaymen's Federation this evening held under the presidentship of Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan, President of the Federation.

Mr. S. Guruswamy, General Secretary of the All India Railwaymen's Federation, read out the messages of greetings received from various labour leaders and Ministers wishing the convention success.

Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan, in the course of his presidential address said that sometimes it was rather "humiliating" to hear railwaymen say that they got "absolutely nothing" from the Federation. "I do not konw whether this kind of irresponsible talk does any good either to the railwaymen or to the Federation", Mr. Narayan said.

MAULANA AZAD

AZAD'S MID-EAST TOUR PROGRAMME

NEW DELHI, June 7.

On behalf of the Government of India, the Hon'ble Maulana Abul Kalam Azad will pay a visit of friendship and goodwill to Iran and Turkey in July next.

The following is his tour programme:

Leaving Delhi on July 7, Maulana Azad will reach Teheran the next day and is expected to stay there for 7 days. Leaving Teheran on July 16, he will proceed to Turkey and will spend three days in Ankara. He will then proceed to Istanbul where he is expected to stay from July 20 to 26.

From Turkey, Maulana Azad will proceed to London, via Rome and Paris where he is expected to stay for about 11 days in connection with cerain discussions relating to cultural and educational matters in which the Ministry of Education is interested.

Dr. B. V. Keskar, Deputy Minister Foreign Affairs, will accompany Maulana Azad to Iran and Turkey.

It is expected that Maulana Azad would be able to undertake a regular tour to Middle Eastern countries sometime next winter.

PANDIT NEHRU

(Continued from Page 1)

in the past, and in future too we will face perils calmly and bravely."

Pandit Nehru ended his speech with the Indonesian revolutionary slogan "Merdeka"—meaning freedom.

Dr. Soekarno, welcoming Pandit Pandit Nehru, referred to the ancient ties between India and Indonesia and expressed gratitude for "the invaluable assistance rendered by India under Your Excellency's l eadership to us at a time when we were bowed down by the sufferings of an armed conflict."

The President said Indonesia's foreign policy was also in line with that of India. "We are anxious to preserve world peace and freedom for mankind. If India implements Mahatma Gandhi's doctrine of peaceful efforts, Indonesia's foreign policy is also based on the principle of peaceful ways. We look forward to a conference of all Asian nations to further friendship and mutual understanding without considering any military bloc."

Pandit Nehru was the guest of honour at a luncheon given by the Mayor or Djakarta, who presented him with a silver model of a monument erected to commemorate the attainment of Indonesian freedom.

Earlier today, Commodore Barnard called on President Soekarno and Premier Hatta.

WILD CHEERING

Surging crowds gave an enthusiastic reception to Pandit Nehru and cheered him widly as "the leader of Asia" as he went on the twenty-mile drive along the streets of Djakarta with President Soekarno this afternoon.

At four-thirty p.m., a procession of fars escorted by a motor cycle corps of the Indonesian army left the President's marble palace to show round Djakarta to Pandit Nehru.

On the first open tourer stood Pandit Nehru and President Soekarno. At several places army and police were hard put to hold back the crowds. The people on the whole remained disciplined.

Ministers Pat AIRF

NAGPUR, June 7 (PTI).—Mr. N. Gopalaswamy Ayyangar, Minister of Railways and Transport, has drawn the attention of railwaymen to the number of railway accidents "due to negligence or indifference in the performance in their work by certain railwaymen" and appealed to them to exercise the greatest care in the performance of their duties.

The Railway Minister in a message to the silver jubilee convention of the All-India Railwaymen's Federation, said: "It is a matter of no ordinary pleasure to me to send to the All-India Railwaymen's Federation my sincere greetings on the occasion of its silver jubilee convention on the seventh instant. The Federation has behind it a long record of good work in the cause of railway labour.

"I trust the convention will impress upon the railwaymen the imperative necessity of both care and caution in the discharge of their duties. The welfare of railwaymen and the improvement of their conditions of life in every direction are under my constant care, and I hope I can always rely on the great body of the workers on the railways for the maintenance of a high sense of duty and a keenness to give the best care and attention to whatever tasks they may be in charge of."

Mr. K. Santhanan, Minister of State for Railways, in the course of his message to the convention says: "It is a fine achievement for a labour federation in this country to have a continuous record of service for 25 years. I wish the convention all success."

'Centre's Labour Bills Threat To Workers'

GURUSWAMY CALLS ON RAILMEN TO UNITE

NAGPUR, June 7 (UPI).

MR. S. GURUSWAMI, General Secretary of the All-India Railwaymen's Federation, characterised here today the two labour bills—the Labour Relations Bill and the Trade Union Bill,—recently introduced in the Parliament a "constituting the greatest threat to organised working class movement on the railways"

"This is the first serious attempt to di-enfranchise 150,000 railwaymen to prevent them from belonging to a common recognised organisation. The works committee will be given new functions to act as rival machinery to unions", he said.

Mr. Guruswami who was presenting the report for the period 1948-50 before the Silver Jubilee Convention of the AIRF warned that the organisation was faced with the threat of many rival organisations which had sprung into existance more for political measure. He, however, emphasised that the Federation which was able to survive the hostility of the former imperialistic Government would doubtless overcome opposition from any quarter in the same manner as long as its platform continued to provide a common meeting place for all railwaymen to work for trade union objectives.

DISPASSIONATE SURVEY

After making a dispassionate survey of the results achieved by the Federation after the Lilooah convention held in 1948, in the talks with the Government of India, Mr. Guruswamy said that there remained several unsettled questions about fixation of proper scales of pay, and service rules and "a crisis is inevitable if expeditious steps are not taken to liquidate the traces of old order in these railways"

Mr Guruswami said a most regrettable situation which increases our difficulties is caused by the failure of the present machinery of the Railway Board to answer our enquiries promptly and satisfactorily. There is too much of red tapism. Trade disputes legislation provides for specific period of notice before resorting to strike but prescribes no obligation on the part of the employer like the Railway Board to give replies within a reasonable period of time. The present position has been aggravated by the absence of adequate human touch in the Board".

RAILMEN'S UNANIMOUS OPPOSITION

NAGPUR, June 7 (UPI): Unanimous opposition to the proposed labour Bills, now before the Indian Parliament, was expressed at a meeting of the Working Commitee of the All India Railwaymen's Federation, which met here this morning at the Mount Hotel under the presidentship of Shri R. A. Khadgikar, Vice-Presndent of the A.I.R.M.F.

Discusions are also stated to have centred round the various methods to be adopted for organising opposition to the passage of the Bills with a view to securing their withdrawal. It was unanimously felt that the proposed legislations will adversely affect railwaymen's oganisations and vigorous measures are called for.

The Working Committee is further stated to have considered the communication received from the Government of India, on the regrouping of railways, in which the latter had asked the opinion of the A.I.R.M.F.

SEPARATE BENCH TO HEAR HYDERABAD APPEAL

Ad Hoc Judges For Supreme Court: President's Order

NEW DELHI, June 7. (PTI)

THE President of India, Dr. Rajendra Prasad, has issued an order to enable the appointment of State High Court Judges as Ad Hoc Judges of the Supreme Court and also to enable proceeding before the court to be conducted in Urdu.

This step has been taken, it is learnt, to enable the quick disposal of about 375 appeals from Hyderabad State. These appeals against the judgments of the Hyderabad State High Court had been pending before the Judicial Committee of that State, but on January 26, 1950 under the provisions of Article 375 (4) of the Constitution they stood transferred to the Supreme Court. Such appeals include some against the judgments of the Special Tribunals constituted in Nalgonda District—Communist-ridden area of Hyderabad State—and which have been confirmed by the High Court.

The records in respect of all these cases are in Urdu and considerable time and money would have to be spent in translating the records into English to enable the appeals to be heard here.

SEPARATE BENCH

It is understood that as a result of the present order, the Chief Justice of India will constitute a separate bench consisting of one judge of the Supreme Court and at least two judges of State High Courts knowing Urdu to function as Ad Hoc Judges of the Supreme Court under Article 127 (1) of the Constitution.

All the appeals from the Hyderabad High Court, which had been pending before the Judicial Committee and which have now been transferred to the Supreme Court, would be posted before this bench for hearing. Proceedings before this bench may be carried on in Urdu so that translation of the documents can be done away with. Otherwise under Article 348 of the Constitution, the language that can be employed before the Supreme Court shall be English.

It is expected that this bench will sit at Hyderabad to dispose of these appeals.

BURMA RICE FOR MALABAR

MADRAS, June 7, (PTI): The Government of India are arranging to supply the Madras Government 2,000 tons of Burma rice, expected to arrive in Cochin shortly, for distribution in Malabar this month it is learnt here today

This additional supply is intended to help the State Government in tiding over the present food shortage, especially in the west coast.

A further supply of 2,000 tons of rice from Uttar Pradesh is also expected to be received by the Madras Government during this month.

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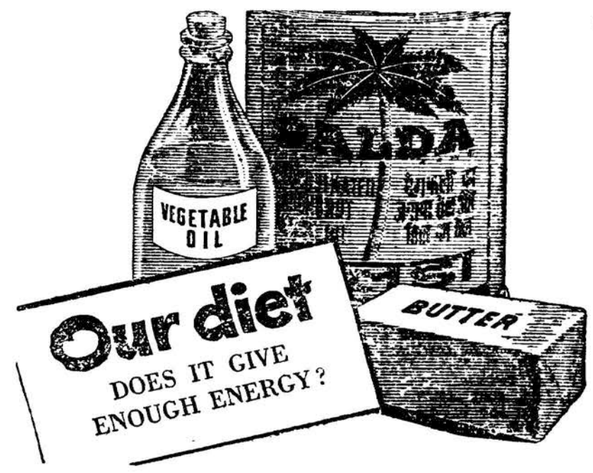

OUR DIET, according to the Nutrition Advisory Committee of the Indian Research Fund Association, is deficient in fat which is the richest source of energy. The Committee, therefore, has recommended that every adult should include in his diet at least 2 ozs. of fat each day. We cannot, however, depend on fat alone for full health and strength for which we need a balanced diet consisting of *all* the five food factors and in their correct proportions. These factors are carbo-hydrates (millets, rice, sweet potatoes, wheat), proteins (dal, milk, nuts, eggs, fish, meat), vitamins (amlas, carrots, tomatoes, lemons, papayas), minerals (brinjals, drumsticks, lettuce, spinach) and, of course, fat like *Dalda* which is pure and energy-giving.

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LAVY PINTO AND KAUNDS EXPELLED FROM SUBATHU CAMP

ARMY WINS FAST MATCH

Exhibition Hockey At Bangalore

BANGALORE, June 7 (PTI).

An Army Eleven, captained by Dhyan Chand, beat by two goals to one a Civilian Eleven in an exhibition hockey match conducted by the Bangalore Sub-Area at the Sulivan Police grounds today. Bhakshi Singh and Mann Singh who were also here, played for the Army.

The play was more fast and thrilling than yesterday. More than six thousand people saw the two teams playing constructive hockey.

The Army Eleven, who were far superior than their opponents in all departments of the game, fully deserved their victory. The forwards, combining exceedingly well with Dhyan Chand who gave them excellent passes, invaded the Civilian citadel time and again, specially in the first half. Except once or twice they never failed to utilise the chances of scoring.

But for the excellent goalkeeping of Armstrong, who had uncanny anticipation, they would have won by a bigger margin. Saravanlal, the right-back, kept up a good defence and tackled the fast moving Civilian forwards on all possible directions. The Army custodian, Bhaskar, proved unbeatable and the only goal he left was beyond his control.

Teams:

THE ARMY: Bhaskar, Pyarelal, Saravanlali: Padavatt, Purasuram, Manna Singh: Pearl, Chinnaswamy, Dhyan Chand, Bhakshi Singh and Shivaraj.

CIVILIAN ELEVEN: Armstrong; Ravisharma and Sabjan: Venkatesh, Devany, Ratnam: Radhakrishna, Rajagopal, Fitzerald, Murthy and B. V. Nadu.

Calcutta F. C. Get Their First Point In League

CALCUTTA, June 7 (PTI): Calcutta Garrison scored their first win of the season beating Kalighat by two goals to one in the first division football league this evening.

Calcutta Football Club forced Bhowanipur to a draw, each side scoring twice, incidentally getting their first point in the league after losing nine games in a row.

The star-studded Rajasthan were held by Sporting Union, neither side scoring.

A continuous drizzle rendered the ground heavy and short-passing was an impossibility. Teams with "kick-and-run" methods did better.

The Calcutta-Bhowanipur match started in ding-dong fashion with the former predominating in the first period. C. F. C. failed to earn full points inspite of a two-goal lead in the first half. In the third minute Marshal, C. F. C. right-half, beat M. Sarkar, Bhowanipur keeper, with a long punt after a flag kick. The second goal came off a penalty kick taken by Kidd, centre-half, in the twenty-second minute.

But the changeover found C. F. C. pinned down to their territory. In the second minute R. Das, Bhowanipur outside-right reduced the margin, rounding-off a solo effort with a rising shot. In the twelfth minute N Bose, inside-left equalised.

With the equaliser, Bhowanipur pressed for the decider but their forwards, specially R. Das, failed to score at easy distance from the Calcutta goal.

A strong breeze was the controlling factor in the Sporting Union-Rajasthan encounter.

In the first five minutes, Sporting Union let by two chances of scoring when S. Banerji, centre forward, and then B. Roy, inside-right, failed near the Rajasthan goal. In the third minute Sporting Union forced an abortive corner. Gurbux, Rajasthan right-half, clearing from it. Rajasthan retaliated but Bhimrao, outside-right, shot wide from Sampangi, centre-forward. In the sixth minute a guilt-edged chance of scoring was wasted by the Sporting Union, Sanviva. Rajasthan's (keeper, effecting a brilliant save from D. Chatterji, inside-left, who assayed a shot from a difficult angle.

After the recess, Rajasthan were on the top most of the time but they wasted three free kicks. Sporting Union attackers could break through only once in this period, but failed to avail themselves of this lone chance of gaining both points.

SINGAPORE, June 7 (PTI-Reuter): Britain's new "strong man" in Malaya Lieutenant-General Sir Harold Briggs was today launching his plan to break the back of Communist guerilla warfare in the Ftderated States.

In the Day's Sport

FOOTBALL

Cooperage

4-30 p.m. B.B. and C.I. 'A' vs. Wimco (Summersgill Cup).

5-45 p.m. Bombay Amateurs vs. Rashid's (First Division, Harwood League).

St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel.

4-30 p.m. Globe 'B' vs. G. B. Police (Harwood League Division Second).

5-30 p.m. Khatau S.C. vs. General Motors (Indian Football League, First Division).

G.I.P. Railway Ground, Parel.

4-30 p.m. A.C.C. vs. Crompton Parkinson (Div. IV).

5-30 p.m. G.I.P. Railway 'C' vs. Indian Air Force (Harwood League, Division III, championship round).

Bombay Athletes Alleged To Be "Not Amenable To Discipline"

NEW DELHI, June 7.

THE AMATEUR ATHLETIC FEDERATION OF INDIA'S ATHLETES TRAINING CAMP AT SUBATHU, NEAR SIMLA, HAS EXPELLED LAVY PINTO AND MELVILLE KAUNDS OF BOMBAY FROM THE CAMP FOR BEING "NOT AMENABLE TO DISCIPLINE".

According to Mr. M. C. Dhawan, Chief Director of the Camp, "they refused to accompany the class on hikes. They did not attend theory classes and their mental approach was not healthy".

Pinto, holder of All-India 200 metres record, and Kaunds were sent for training to the Camp by the Bombay Provincial Olympic Association..—PTI.

Savold Was Not Aware Of This

NEW YORK, June 7 (PTI-Reuter).—Lee Savold (United States) has glittering offers to fight Joe Louis, Ezzard Charles or Jersey Joe Walcott.

Abe Greene, Commissioner of the National Boxing Association, made public today bids from an unidentified promoter. He said, "I am empowered to speak for persons who will guarantee a 350,000 dollars purse for a Savold-Louis contest, 175,000 dollars for Savold to meet Charles or 150,000 dollars if Savold clashed with Walcott, the fighters to agree on their own percentage. The bout would be staged in Jersey City, Baseball Park probably in September."

Glittering Offers For Lee Savold

LONDON June 7, (PTI-Reuter): It was disclosed today that Lee Savold won the world heavyweight championship without knowing that his daughter had been taken to hospital for an operation.

Before he entered the ring, Savold's wife, Ruth phoned from his home in Englewood, New Jersey, and told manager Bill Daly that 12-year-old Sandra, second of Lee's three children, had been taken ill with acute appendicitis and was to have an immediate emergency operation. Daly decided not to worry his man and kept the news secret until after Savold left the ring.

In Englewood, Mrs. Savold said that Sandra is the "apple of her father's eye".

Sandra was stated to be "fine" after the operation.

N. B. A. Accords No Recognition

NEW YORK, June 6 (PTI-Reuter): Lee Savold's victory over Bruce Woodcock at the White City, London, was not expected to bring him universal recognition as heavyweight champion of the world, experts here declared.

They expected that the American would be acclaimed as the New York champion, successor to the retired Joe Louis, only in Britain and Europe. Recognition of the bout for the world title was withheld at the National Boxing Association, which already had crowned the Negro Ezzard Charles, as world champion in the forty-seven States of America.

JOEY MAXIM NEXT ON THE LIST

Savold Will Defend Title In September, Says Solomons

LONDON, June 7. (PTI-Reuter). 392 for seven, (Donnelly 120).

night's world heavyweight championship fight, today stated that Lee Savold, who won the title by forcing Bruce Woodcock (Britain) to retire at the end of the fourth round, will defend his title in London probably in September.

The promoter would not be drawn into regarding the posssibility of Savold's next opponent being world lightheavyweight champion Joey Maxim, although he has Maxim's signature and a prior claim on his services.

"What Woodcock will do now, I cannot say", said Solomons. "But I intend to keep on and on until I find a Britisher who can win the world's heavyweight crown".

Usmania Lose A Valuable Point In Delhi Soccer

NEW DELHI, June 7, (PTI): Usmania lost a valuable point in the Delhi Soccer League this evening when they were held to a goalless draw by President's Estate.

HAT-TRICK BY ISHWAR RAO

Harwood League Soccer At Parel

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

A hattrick by Ishwar Rao at the St. Xavier's College bootball ground at Parel enabled the Globe Sports Club "A" team to trounce the Volkart Brothers to the tune of five goals to nil in the Second Division of the Harwood Football Leage. Akhtar and Gaware were responsible for one goal each for the winners, bringing the total to nve goals.

In the other second division game played at the same venue, the Bombay City and India Culture League were concerned in a draw, the two goals scored during the course of the match being shared. Y. Vaz netted the goal for the Bombay City, while P. Yacob was responsible for the solitary goal scored by the I.C.L. team.

FOURTH DIVISION MATCHES

Block Dynamos, for whom Anaciet and Anthony scored a goal each defeated their opponents the Crompton Parkinson team by the odd goal of three in a fourth divisfon match in the Harwood Football League. T.K. Chari scored the only goal for the losers in this match which was played at the G.I.P. Railway ground at Parel.

One more Fourth Division match was decided at the Railway ground, and the two teams, the Associated Cement Companies and the Youths Union failed to come to a decision, neither side opening their account.

POLICE CLUB CRICKET TOURNAMENT

Prize Distribution And Awarding Of Souvenirs

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The prize distribution of the Bombay City Police Club's Invitation Cricket Tournament, which concluded some time back, will take place at the Club's premises on Friday, the 9th June at 6 p.m. Souveners will be awarded to the winners, the Tata Sports Club, and the runners-up, the Young Zoroastrian Sports Club.

The Commissioner of Police, Sri M. M. Chandasama will preside and Shrimati Chudasama will present the Challenge Cup and medals.

Delhi Hockey League

NEW DELHI, June 7, (PTI): Burmah Shell were held to a draw by Invaders in the Junior Division of the Delhi Hockey League this evening each side scoring once.

No match was played in the Senior Division.

Railwaymen Held To A Goalless Draw

CHRISTOPHER'S GRAND GOAL-KEEPING

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

G.I.P. RAILWAY and St. Francis Goans were concerned in a tame goalless draw in the Senior Division of the Harwood Football League this evening at the Cooperage.

The Railway who at the beginning of the season were a factor to be reckoned with, with the shock tactics, are apparently on the decline. They have lost much of their dash and rely too much on individual play, rather than on a combined effort. They must realize that unless they open out the game and send through long passes they will not trouble any defence however weak it may be.

G.I.P. were on the offensive with their powerful attack, especially the inner trio Aziz, Shiva and Tambe. Shiva was particularly dangerous with his long shots. But it was a pity that their wingers Bhickoo and James were not exploited as the intermediate line failed to open out the game.

In the initial session the Railway had at least five corners, but Christopher came to the rescue of his side time and again with his wonderful punches and clearances.

St. Francis Goans were not so fortunate in having a forward line that was all impressive. Only three of them troubled the Railway defence and were dangerous. C. Mendis the youngest member in the Senior Harwood League combined well with his outer B. D'Souza.

The Goan side had the services of Walter D'Souza for the first time this season but he has still to get into his stride. The entire Goan defence played a good game. Christopher under the cross bar was his usual self and had it not been for some of his magnificent saves the Goans would have gone down.

The number of missed chances in both sessions, especially by the Railway side, gives one the impression that the attack is getting stale. The Goans did have their chances on some spread out occasions, but they were either stopped by the woodwork or there was Sukhlal to save as the shots were pretty feeble.

The teams were:

G.I.P. RAILWAY: Sukhlal; Panna, R. Almeida; A. Duncan, B. Duncan, Delgardo; Bhickoo, Tambe, Aziz, Shiva, S. James.

ST. FRANCIS GOANS: Christopher; Britto, Walter D'Souza; D'Sa, Rebeiro, D'Costa; B. D'Souza, C. Mendis, C. Braganza, J. Fernandes, A. Fernandes.

Referee: L. R. Natarajan.

SUMMERSGILL CUP

In the Summersgill Cup match Kohinoor Mills and Karnatak 'C' were concerned in a goalless draw earlier in the evening.

TRAINING IN T. B. COURSE

Internships For Two Indian Students

Two internships are available to Indian Students for training in tuberculosis courses at Fort Qu Appelle and Prince Albert Sanatoria in Canada for a period of one year. Board and Lodge is provided. The candidate to bear the rest of the expenses. Doctors should apply to "the Hon. General Secretary, Indian Medical Association, Hanging Bridge, Daryaganj, Delhi, before 15th June 1950.

CHIEF CONTROLLING REVENUE AUTHORITY

BOMBAY, Wednesday:

The Government of Bombay has decided to appoint the Inspector-General of Registration as the Chief Controlling Revenue Authority under the Indian Stamp Act and Court Fees Act for the whole of the Bombay State, except the Town and Island of Bombay, when the posts of Divisional Commissioners are abolished. At present, the Divisional Commissioners are performing the functions of this Authority in their respective Divisions. The Superintendent of Stamps, Bombay, will continue to be the Chief Controlling Revenue Authority for the purpose in the Town and Island of Bombay as at present.

OPIUM RECOVERED FROM PASSENGER

BOMBAY, Wednesday.—Officers and men of the Opium Intelligence Section and the Rummaging Section of the Bombay Customs today recovered four pounds of opium from a person who boarded the s.s. Karanja, due to sail to East and South Africa tomorrow.

Jabbar Hussain Kadar, who is now being detained for interrogation. is believed to be a dock labourer. He is alleged to have entered the docks with the help of an authorised token and carried the contraband to be delivered to a member of the crew. The customs officials found slabs of opium tied to the thighs of Kadar.

The illicit price of opium in Bombay is about Rs. 100 per pound, and it is valued at between Rs. 200 to Rs. 250 on board. In South and East Africa, opium fetches anything from Rs. 500 to Rs. 600 per pound.

STEEL AND IRON FOR AGRICULTURISTS

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

During the month of May last, 1,380 tons of steel, 5,948 powrahs, 3,156 pickaxes, 2,019 crowbars, 567 bundles of barbed wire and 21,134 feet of piping, valued nearly at Rs. 7,60,000, were despatched to various distributing agencies by the Assistant Provincial Iron and Steel Rationing Officer (Agriculture) for distribution to the agriculturists of the Bombay State through the District Rural Development Boards.

Hindustani Prachar Sabha

Hindustani Classes are conducted by the Hindustani Prachar Sabha, Bombay, on every Sunday at the following centres:—

FORT: Bazargate High School, Joshi Bldg., Gunbow Street, 8-30 to 11-30 a.m.

Sir J.J.P.B. Institute, Hornby Road, (Kannada Classes), 8-30 to 10-30 a.m.

KALBADEVI: G. T. High School, Dadysheth Agiary Lane, 8-30 to 10-30 a.m.

GIRGAUM: Aryan Education Society High School, Opera House, 8-30 to 11 a.m.

MATUNGA: King George High School, Matunga (G.I.P.), 8-30 to 10-30 a.m.

THANA: Government Girls' High School, Station Road, Thana, 8-30 to 10-30 a.m.

GHATKOPAR: Dhanji Devsi Rashtriya Kanya Shala, Thursday: 7-30 to 9 a.m., Sunday: 8 to 11 a.m.

Bhatia Stree Mandal, Monday, Wednesday and Friday: 3 to 4-30 p.m.

Gurukul High School, Monday, Wednesday and Friday: 3 to 4-30 p.m.

GANDHI SEVA SENA: Adenwala Mansion, Chowpatty Sea Face, Tuesday and Friday: 4 to 5-30 p.m.

Teachers' Class: Sunday 3 to 4 p.m. Qabil and Sanad Classes: Saturday, 5 to 7 p.m. Sunday, 3-30 to 5-30 p.m.

Hindi Shikshak Sanad Classes will start from June 16 in B.T. College at Dhobi Talao, 6 to 8 p.m.

INDUSTRIALS GET GOOD START

London Stock Exchange

LONDON, June 7 (PTI-Reuter).—The new account on the London Stock-The new account on the London Stock Exchange made a bright start today. Industrial share prices were marked higher at the outset to meet the anticipated wave buying and gains were widespread in breweries. tobaccos textiles and miscellaneous leaders.

The volume of buying, however, proved to be smaller than expected and final levels were occasionally below best.

The terms of latest Government financing (£100,000,000 cash issue of funding stock) were well received by the gilt-edged section and prices of short-dated issues recorded fractional advances. Business, however, was restricted with many operators awaiting to invest in this new loan issue price which is 99-1/2.

Oil shares were firm throughout. Many dividend reductions were recovered in a market that experienced a steady stream of buying orders.

Rising prices in other sections were responsible for lack of interest in gold shares. Kaffirs dropped to close dull with developers particularly out of favour.

GILT-EDGED SECURITIES	
2½% B. Consols (£70 xd)	70-1/8
3½% Con. Loan (£94¼)	94 1/16
4% Funding Loan (£107 1/4)	107 3/8
3½% War Loan (£92 3/8)	92 13/16
3% War Loan (£103½)	£103 3/4
4% Victory Bonds (£109)	£108 3/4
3% Savings Bonds (£95 1/16)	95 1/8
British Transport (£89 5/8)	£89 11/16
INDUSTRIALS	
Asso. Port Cement (84)	86
Br. Ameri. Tobacco (£5 9/32)	5 9/16
Br. Cell. Ordy. (22/4½)	23-1½
Cal. Elec. (24/-)	24/3
Cal. Tramways (26/6)	27
Carreras (£5 15/16)	6
J. and P. Coats (55/3)	56-6
Courtaulds (37/4½)	37-10½
Distilleries (18/4½)	18-4½
Dunlop Rubber (62/3)	63-1½
Elec. & Music (26/4½)	25-6
Fine Cot. Spinners (22/10½)	23-6
Ford Motors (42/1½)	44-3
Imperial Chemical (41/1½)	40/10½
Imperial Tobacco (£5 9/32)	£5 3/8
Indian Iron & Steel (46/3)	46/3
Int. Nickel ($56 9/16)	$56½
Lever Bros. & Unilever (40/-)	42-1½
Marks & Spencer (81/3)	82-7½
Pinchin & Johnson (43/-)	42/9
Standard Motors (20/-)	23-7½
Vickers (29-4½)	29-10½
Woolworth (45/7½)	46-3
Fed. Malaya (89/-)	89
S. L. Distilleries Ord. (20/7½)	20-7½
Do. Pref. (29/7½)	20-7½
TEA SHARES	
TEA SHARES	
Assam Consolidated (15/-)	14/6
Assam Frontier (14/9)	14/6
Assam (23/6)	22/9
Dooars (22/-)	22
Empire of India (15/3)	15/6
Imperial (24/9)	24/6
JUTES	
Barnagore (£16)	£16
Samnugger (31/9)	30
RUBBER	
Anglo-Dutch Plant of Java (10/6)	11/3
Kula Kelampong (15/7½)	15/7½
Invest. Trust (22/-)	22/6
MINING SHARES	
Burma Corp. (5/-)	4-10½
Crown (£5 7/16)	5-3/8
Nundydroog (9/3)	9/3
Spring (12/10½)	12/6
Sub. Nigel (£4 11/16)	4 11/16
Tavoi Tin (0/76)	0-7½
Southern Mal. Tins. (21/10½)	22-1½
French Mines (25/9)	25-10½
Petalling Test (20/7½)	20-4½
Hongkong Tins (15/-)	14/3
Union Corp. (226/3)	222/6
Con. Tin (Burma) (1/3)	1/3
Indian Copper (3/6)	3/6
Blyvoors (47/-)	47
Simmers & Jacks (10/-)	9/7½
Con. Goldfields (55/7½)	55
Orange Free State (50/7½)	47/6

NOVEL FORM OF CHEATING

Alleged Sale Of Hired Goods

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

A novel form of cheating came to light when Mr. M. G. Shahani on behalf of his client Miss Mumtaz filed a criminal case against Premadevi Kapoor under section 420 I.P.C., alleging that the household goods sold by the accused for a sum of Rs. 200 and for which she executed a stamped document turned out to be hired ones. Process has been issued against the accused.

Miss Mumtaz informed the learned Magistrate that Mohmed Shafi to whom the whole house-hold furniture belonged and from whom the accused had hired the furmiture came to her house and removed the same in spite of her protests.

GRAINTAX CUT IN CHINA

LONDON, June 7 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. The Chinese Communist Government has cut the grain tax in areas recently taken over from a maximum of 17 per cent to a minimum of 13 per cent, the New China News Agency reported today in a dispatch received here.

Smuts Progressing Well

PRETORIA, June 7 (PTI-Reuter): General Smuts continued to make progress, according to today's official bulletin.

His doctor said that the General's heart was "getting on very nicely."

"I am very happy about the position but I must stress that Smuts is not out of wood yet", he added.

BIHAR TO APPEAL TO SUPREME COURT

PATNA, June 7 (PTI): The Government of Bihar propose to file shortly an apeal to the Supreme Court against the Patna High Court's judgment declaring the Bihar State Management of Estates and Tenures Act, 1949 void and ultra vires of the State Legislature, it is authoritatively learnt here.

ADJOURNMENT MOTIONS IN U.P.

"Rebel" Attempt Fails

LUCKNOW, June 7 (PTI).—Congress "rebels" today made an unsuccessful attempt in the Uttar Pradesh Legislative Assembly to adjourn the House for the consideration of two issues.

They tabled adjournment motions to discuss the "irregularities" committed in connection with the by-elections to the U.P. Legislature and the promulgation of Section 144 Cr.P.C. in Lucknow from June 5.

After question hour the Speaker informed the House that he had received notices of two adjournment motions.

He said that the notice of the first motion about "irregularities" in connection with the by-electfons—was given by Mr. Triloki Singh. The second motion—regarding the promulgation of Section 144 Cr.P.C. in Lucknow—stood in the name of Mr. Gopalnarain Saxena.

The Speaker said that he did not see any reasonable ground for the discussion of the motions and, therefore, would not even read the motion.

Minority Commission Tours Maldah

CALCUTTA, June 7 (PTI).—The West Bengal Minority Commission, set up in terms of the Indo-Pakistan agreement, returned to Calcutta last night after visiting the disturbed areas in Maldah district. The Commission consists of Mr. Kalipada Mukherjee (Chairman) and Mr. D. N. Mukherjee and Mr. Khuda Buksh.

This is the first of a series of tours which the Commission proposes to undertake in the State to look after the interests of the minority community.

Maldah was the scene of some communal trouble on May 29, following a quarrel between two boys belonging to two communities. The situation was brought under control within a few hours, and since then no incident has been reported. Fiftytwo persons were arrested in this connection.

CONTRIBUTION FOR SILK RESEARCH

BOMBAY, Wednesday: The Silk and Art Silk Mills Association, Bombay, has contributed a further sum of Rs. one lakh to the newly set up Silk and Art Silk Mills Research Association, bringing its total contribution to Rs. 21 lakhs.

The announcement was made at a meeting of the Research Association held here on Monday by the Chairman, Mr. Ramdeo A. Podar. Sir S. S. Bhatnagar, Director of the Indian Council of Scientific and Industrial Research, New Delhi, and Prof. J. W. Mcbain, Director of the National Chemical Laboratories, Poona, were among those present.

The meeting discussed the question of obtaining a suitable site for the Association in Bombay, and admitted 87 new members, which brought the total number of members to 252

Dockers To Adopt 'Go Slow' Tactics

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

"The 3,000 Stevedore workers of the Bombay Port have started slow working' from 12-30 a.m. of 7th June 1950, on their demand of 2 months wages including Dearness Allowance as Bonus for the year 1949-'50.

The action has been called upon by the Bombay Dock Workers' Union.

West Indies Batsmen Vulnerable Against Spin Bowling

MUCH WILL DEPEND ON THE TOSS IN TODAY'S TEST

MANCHESTER, June 7 (PTI-Reuter).

WEST INDIES will start the first of the four five-day Tests against England at Old Trafford tomorrow with increased confidence following their decisive win yesterday over Lancashire on the same ground.

The heat-wave has come just at the right time for the touring team. Cricket writers had predicted this happy band from the sun-drenched Caribbean Islands would develop into a formidable combination once they had the sun on their backs.

Their sparkling form against Lancashire under ideal conditions certainly seems good enough for them to hold their own in the First Test, particularly as England stalwarts, Denis Compton and Cyril Washbrook, cannot play.

PACE BOWLERS HAVE SUCCEEDED IN THE PAST ON THIS GROUND

One end of the pitch for the Lancashire match showed signs of crumbling during the latter stages, but that does not necessarily mean the Test wicket alongside will do likewise. It is significant that in three of the four Tests played since the war at Old Trafford, pace bowlers have claimed most wickets.

So far the full array of the West Indies' speed attack has not been seen. But Hines Johnson and Prior Jones have the ability to give the England batsmen a shock. If the wicket does wear, the visitors have the men to exploit it in Ramadhin and Valentine.

WEST INDIES AND SPIN BOWLING

The big query concerning the team is their ability to bat on a turning pitch. Undoubtedly they are the strongest West Indies batting side to visit here, but while Everton Weekes, Frank Worrell, Clyde Walcott and company have been compiling mammoth scores on good pitches, their performances when the ball is turning have given rise to the belief the West Indies are vulnerable to spin-bowling, particularly the leg-break.

It was the skilful leg-breaks of 46-year-old Jim Sims for the M.C.C. last month, which led to the West Indies only defeat of the tour so far.

England will rely for runs mainly on Len Hutton, Reg. Simpson and Bill Edrich, all of whom are in splendid form, having scored centuries for their respective countries earlier this week.

They have a wealth of spin-bowling to choose from in Jim Laker, Eric Hollies and Bob Berry while Alec Bedser and Trevor Bailey will provide the pace.

Everything points to the toss playing a most important role, for, if the fine weather holds for the Test period the side that wins the toss may win the match.

JUTE OUTLOOK

(Continued from page 1)

Karachi message, Pakistan licence holders were unable to secure fair and reasonable prices during the short period allowed to them to settle deals with licence-holders in India.

It is apprehended that Pakistan, after June 15, will grant licences to firms which have offices in both the countries thereby facilitating the flow of capital from India to Pakistan. This view is strengthened by repeated reports that Pakistan would shortly devalue its currency. The Government of India are carefully watching the situation. That Pakistan Jute Board is tardy to pay market prices for jute and has vindicated its stand that it had not entered into an uneconomic deal.

Exchange remains the main hurdle in the way of normal resumption of trade between the two countries. This hurdle will be removed if reports of devaluation of Pakistan currency turn out to be true.

Confusing Theory

BANGKOK, June 7. (PTI): A Vietnamese woman corespondent recently interviewed President Ho Chi Minh somewhere in north Vietnam and asked him what status women would have in the new Vietnam which he was forging.

President Ho replied: "The three principles (recommended by confucianism) would be abolished: the four virtues (also Confucian) should be developed and kept up".

The young girl, who had not read the principles of Confucian philosophy was bewildered. President Ho explained to her: The three principles are those which recommend that women must successively rely on their father. husband and son. The four virtues are those which enjoin: cleverness in housewifery, exemplary behaviour, dignity of language and constant correct appearance".

COUNTY CRICKET RESULTS

LONDON, June 7. (PTI-Reuter). Cricket close of play scores:

AT OVAL: Somerset 297 (Lawrence 88) Surrey two for no loss.

AT LORDS: Middlesex 227, Leicestershire 125 for one (Berry not out 61).

AT OFORD: Sussex 239 (C. Oakes 107) Oxford University 41 for one.

AT LOUCESTER Lancashire 16: Gloucestershire 76 for 7.

AT ILKESTAN: Derbyshire 314 for 8 (Smith not out 95).

AT CAMBRIDGE: Cambridge University 409 for 2 (Dewes 101, May not out 202, Stevenson not out 86).

AT GRAVESEND: Kent 256 (Fagg 121, Nutter right arm medium 5 for 65,) Northamptonshire 73 for one.

AT ILFORD: Nottinghamshire 372 (Hardstaff 145). Essex 22 for 2.

AT CARDIFF: Combined Services 174, Glamorgan 184 for 5 (Parknouse not out 88, Jones 85).

AT BIRMINGHAM: Warwickshire 392 for seven, Donnelly 120).

GOAN TEAM BOXING CHAMPIONSHIP

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Annual Team Boxing Championship which is conducted by the Bombay Goan Athletic Association for the Dr. Jos. Alban deSouza-Shield is expected to be a keen affair on Saturday June 10 at the C. J. Hall, Although the Rangers Club, who are unable to put in a team owing to several handicaps are not participating, the BEST have entered a formidable side for the first time and will meet a Goan team composed of veterans.

There will be several special contests besides the six championship fights, and juniors and senior boxers wanting to have a fight are requested to call on Friday evening at the Brabourne Stadium, North End, at 6 p.m. sharp when the weigh-in takes place.

On Saturday night, the snow begins at 9 p.m. and the tickets will be available at the C. J. Hall from 9 a.m. onwards and are priced at Rs. 2-10; Rs. 1-4 and As. 10. Reservation of ring side seats will be made in advance only.

BOMBAY HOCKEY DANCE

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Bombay Provincial Hockey Association are holding on this Saturday their Hockey Dance at the Green's Hotel from 7 p.m. to midnight.

FURTHER RISE IN STEEL SHARES

Moderate Enquiry For Textile Issues

BOMBAY, June 7.

The Bombay Stock Exchange displayed firmer tendency today with modest buying: Particularly Tata Steel Shares recorded some gains. Scindias improved on covering while Burmas hardened on increased buying.

There was better feeling in the market and Shorts were inclined to cover. After the early improvement, some profit taking appeared and further progress was checked.

Tata Steel Defds. opened very steady at Rs. 1655/- and after improving at Rs. 1665/- steadied at Rs. 1662/8. Ordinary Shares were in good demand and after opening at Rs. 323/- advanced at Rs. 327/- Indian Irons opened at Rs. 29/12 and improved at Rs. 30/- while Bengal Steels were done at Rs. 20/12.

Cotton Mill Shares ruled steady in sympathy with improvement in Steels. Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 972/- and gained five points at Rs. 977/-. Kohinoors were done at Rs. 294/- Central India Shares opened at Rs. 249/- and hardened at Rs. 251/-.

In the miscellaneous Section Associated Cements improved at Rs. 156/- Bombay Burmas gained more ground at Rs. 490/- while Scindia Shares under further short covering advanced at Rs. 11/1. Tone of the market was steady but the turnover was limited.

Towards the close there was further improvement in Tata Steel Defds. which were quoted at Rs. 1667/- while Ordinary Shares were done at Rs. 327/-. Closing tone was steady.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES	
Bombay Dyeing (27-8)	978 12
Kohinoor Mills (1)	294 8
Svadeshi Mills (12-4)	252 8
Central India Mills (6)	233 8
Simplex India Mills (6-8)	221 0
New Great Eastern (8)	134 0
Indore (8-3)	113 12
Gokak Mills (12) XD	250 0
Century Spinning (15)	230 0
Indian Bleaching (6)	151 0
Swan Mills (20)	306 0
Finlay Mills (15)	240 0
Morarji Goculdas (8)	160 0
Edward Sassoon (30)	217 8
Meyer (12)	80 12
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	2 11 0
India United Ord. (0-14-9)	11 8
India United Defd.	1 12
Madhusudan (15)	180 0
Podar (9)	130 0
Khatau (5)	156 8
STEELS	
Tata Steel Ord. (14)	328 0
Tata Steel Defd. (84-15)	1667 8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (7-12)	143 8
CEMENT	
Associated Cement (7) XD	156 4
INDUSTRIES	
Burma (12-8) XD	494 6
Belapur	230 0
Scindia Steam (0-8)	11 3
Shivrajpur (1-8)	34 0
Premier Construction	93 0
Tata Chemical	11 15
Tata Oil (2)	44 12
Indian Iron (0-12)	30 1
Bengal Steel (0-12-0)	30 15
British India Corp. (0-2)	8 8
Indian Copper	2 4 0
Wimco	215 0
Alcock	287 8
ELECTRIC SHARES	
Tata Hydro (3) XD	153 8
Andhra Valley (30)	1397 8
Tata Power (25)	1505 0

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS	
Elphinstone (5)	60 4
Phoenix (9)	138 2
Indian Mfg (40)	3950 0
Kuria XD	105 0
Colaba (12)	95 8
New City (11)	172 4
Minerva (12)	135 10
Bradbury (12)	608 12
Bharucha Defd (0-4)	4 4
Bharat Mills (2)	28 0
MyJore Defd. (04)	150 0
Madhavji (0-12-0)	14 4
Model Mills (13-8)	152 8
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	625 0
Vishnu Cotton (8)	205 0
Western India (40)	2925 0
Standard (16)	227 4
Sholapur (200)	3030 0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (9-8-0)	16 12
Hindustan Mills (40)	2950 0
Tata Mills (2-4)	43 8
Ahmedabad Advance (9)	228 12
Sassoon Silk	34 4
New Union Mills (0-8)	18 4
Madhusudan S (2-5)	32 0
Srinivas Mills (8)	173 12
Raja Bahadur (4)	51 0
Berar Mills	255 0
Victoria Mills	225 0
ELECTRIC (CASH)	
Ahmedabad Electric (1-8)	116 4
Ahmedabad New XD	87 0
Surat Electric	136 14
Karachi Electric (2)	127 4
Broach (0-5)	6 6
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	10 1
Amalgamated	11 2
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	28 8
Poona Electric Supply (8)	126 4
Bombay Suburban (3)	150 0
Bombay Suburban New	141 4
BANK SHARES	
Imperial Bank of India	1850 0
Imperial Bank P (10-12)	455 0
Central Bank	83 12
Central Bank New (1-8)	83 8
Bank of India XD	179 8
Union (0-3)	7 7
Baroda (2-3)	123 0
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	37 4
United Commercial (1-2)	46 0
Jaipur Bank (18-0)	31 8
Hindustan Commercial	17 0
Mysore Bank (8)	365 0
Eastern Bank (0-14-9)	90 0
INSURANCE SHARES	
Oriental (125)	4870 0
Empire (10)	573 12
New India (1-7)	65 0
Jupiter (0-12)	12 12
Vulcan (0-10)	13 7
Indian Mercantile (0-4)	39 4
Universal	9 0
B I C (1)	17 6
Industrial and Prudential	28 4
Neptune	7 8
New Great	19 8
RAILWAY SHARES	
C. P. (1-14) XD	112 8

MISCELLANEOUS SHARES	
Steamer (10)	212 8
Bombay Burma New (5)	172 8
Burma Petrol	1 9
Mackenzie (6)	90 0
Kemp and Co (20)	312 8
Port Canning (3)	52 0
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	100 0
Incustrial Invest Trust (5-12)	81 12
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	57 0
Mukund Iron	4 6
Dena Trust (0-12)	14 0
Alembic (15)	138 2
Supreme Industries	72 8
Bombay Uganda	67 8
Bombay Motor Cycle	27 8
Indian Cement (1937)	20 0
Walchand Nagar Industries (B.S.)	147 8
United Motor	28 8
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	785 0
Hydary Construction	19 2 6
Mahamadi Steam	100 0
Gujarat Motor	26 14
Sardar Carbonic XD	750 0
Harvey Press	310 0
Estrella Batteries	30 0
National Rayon	51 8
PREFERENCE SHARES	
Tata Steel 1st (6)	200 0
Andhra Valley (7)	1207 8
Tata Power (7-8)	1311 4
Hydro Electric (7) XD	128 2
Bombay Steamer (6)	212 8
Central India (5)	651 2
Swadeshi Mills	130 0
Vishnu Mills (7)	675 0
Laxmi	275 0
New Great Mills (5-8)	220 4
Podar Mills (4)	95 0
Shrinivas Mills	98 0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	107 8
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	334 8
Surat Electricity (3-4)	140 0
Pre Construction First	99 8
Pre Construction 2nd Prei	98 0
Amalgamated	115 0
Habib	72 0
Tata Chemical	127 8
Walchandnagar	1130 0
Jupiter	12 15
Supreme	100 0
Meyer	102 8
Mackenzie First	92 0
Mackenzie (2)	85 0
Ahmedabad Advance	127 8
Mysore Mill	41 0
Standard	99 0
Madhusudan	12 0
Khatau	100 0
Morarji	94 8
National Rayon	75 12
DEBENTURES	
Andhra 1952	101 4
Rubber Planting	....
Bombay Steamer	98 8
Indian Hume Pipe	101 0
Tata Power 1951	101 0
Walchandnagar	106 0
OUTSIDE SHARES	
Burma Corporation	2 14
New Victoria	2 2
New Victoria Pref.	4 4
Phalton	92 8
Gelo Mohar	285 0
New Kaiser-i-Hind	325 0
Sirlan X R C.D	101 0
Osmanshahi XR CD	120 0
Ajam Shahi	110 0
Air Service	3 8
Air India	59 0
Hind Motor	5 5 6
Indian Steam	6 8

GOLD AND SILVER

Rectricted Turnover

BOMBAY, June 7.

The local Bullion market was quietly steady with restricted turnover. The market is under the control of professional bull manipulators.

Forward Silver opened at Rs. 186-4 and imporved at Rs. 186-8 under scattered buying. Ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 186-6. Forward Gold opened at Rs. 116-11 and improved at Rs. 116-14. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 117-4 and Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 76-8. Demand for spot was poor.

Later on the market ruled quiet on lower Calcutta advices and closed as under:

Ready Silver	185 14 0
Forward	186 4 0
Ready Gold	116 14 0
Forward	116 5 0

PRODUCE MARKET

Undertone Quiet

BOMBAY, June 7.

The local produce market was quiet today. Business was difficult as local bulls were not inclined to buy. Even Vanaspati manufacturers were not anxious buyers upcountry groundnut oil at Rs. 22-14. The quotations were as under:—

	Rs.as.ps.
GROUNDNUTS—	
Khandesh quality ready	45 0 0
Bold ready	43 14 0
Madras Coromandal	44 12 0
Oil Bombay Mills	23 12 0
Oil Upcountry Mills	22 14 0
Oil July	23 7 6
LINSEED—	
Bold ready	37 0 0
Small Satna	35 14 0
Oil	21 2 0
CASTORSEEDS—	
Ready	28 10 0
Madras quality	28 14 0
July	29 1 0

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, June 7.

3 per cent Conversion	97 7 0
2 1/4 per cent 1954	98 14 0
2 1/2 per cent 1950	100 0 0
2 1/2 per cent 1955	99 13 0
2 1/2 per cent 1961	96 14 0
2 3/4 per cent 1962	99 2 0
2 3/4 per cent 1976	95 8 0
3 per cent 1951-54	101 1 0
3 per cent 1963-55	101 8 0
3 per cent 1957	101 6 0
3 per cent 1959-61	101 1 0
3 per cent 1963-65	100 6 0
3 per cent 1966-68	100 1 0
3 per cent 1970-75	93 13 0
3 1/2 per cent 1954-59	104 0 0
4 per cent 1960-70	109 14 0
4 1/2 per cent 1950-55	100 8 0
4 per cent 1958-68	112 8 0
PROVINCIAL LOANS	
3 per cent Bombay 1962	99 12 0
2 3/4 per cent C P 1961	97 2 0
2 3/4 per cent Madras 1981	97 2 0
3 per cent Bombay 1955	100 10 0
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100 8 0
3 per cent Punjab 1962	100 0 0
3 per cent Madras 1952-55	100 8 0
3 per cent O. P. 1952	100 8 0
3 per cent U. P. 1952	100 6 0
4 per cent N W P 1952	98 2 0
4 per cent U. P. 1961-68	99 8 0
3 1/4 per cent Municipal 1977	98 8 0
4 per cent BPI long dated	109 8 0
4 per cent Bombay Muni	109 12 0
per cent Bombay Muni 1959	113 8 0
6 per cent H. P. T. 1954	113 8 0

Indian Stock Exchange

BOMBAY, June 7:

Tata Ordinary 327 Tata Deferred 1665 Indian Iron 30 Steel Corpn. of Bengal 20-15 Bombay Dyeing 980 Central India 233 Gokak 250 Kohinoor 294 Simplex 220 Swadeshi 252 Tata Power 1505 Associated Cement 156 Belapur 230 Bombay Burma (Old) 495 Scindia 11-2 Central Bank 84 New India 64 Tata 2nd Pref. 143-8.

Art Silk Yarns

BOMBAY, June 7.

120 Ready Japan	8 0 0
150 Ready Japan	7 15 0
120 Ready Italy	7 7 0
150 Ready Italy	6 15 6
150 D. Box July	1315 0 0
150 D. Box August	1285 0 0

July opening Rs. 1310. Highest Rs. 1340, Lowest Rs. 1305.

Pepper Quotation

BOMBAY, June 7:

Ashad dely—Rs. 2710 to 2740.

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, June 7.

MILLS

Apollo 2/11
Bharat 28/12
B. Dyeing 973/12 77/8 75/10 50 78/2 80 78/12
C. India 232/8 33/8 33 33/8
E. Textiles 217/8
Finlay 240
Gokak 250
I. U. Defd. 1/12
I. U. Ord. 11/7 11/8/5 11/8
Indore 112/8 13/12
Kohinoor 292 94/8 94 94/8
Mysore 150
Model 151/4
New Great 134
Sassoon Cotton 16/12
Simplex 220 21 20 21
Podar 130
Svadeshi 249/8 53 52/8
Tata Mills 43/8 43 43/8

SHIPPING

B. Steam 212/8
B. Pref. 212/8
Scindia 11/1 10/15 11/4 11/3

BANKS

Baroda 123
Central 83/8 83/12
Central New 83/8
Imperial Old 1858
Imperial New 458
India 179 79/8
Union 7/7
U. Commercial 46

ELECTRICS

Ahmedabad 113/2 16/4
Suburban 148/2 50
Hydro 153/8
Hydro Pref. 130/10 30/4
Power 1505 2/8 5
New India 63/12 63

STEELS

B. Steel 20/10 20/18
I. Iron 29/12 30/1 30 30/1
Tata Defd. 1655 61/4 55 60/4 62/8 70 67/8
Tata Ord. 324/8 26 25/4 27/8 26/8 28
Tata IInd Pref. 143/8 43/1 43/12 43/8

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 286/4 87/8
A.C.C. 155 57/56 56/4
Belapur 229 30 28/8 30
B.B. Old 488/12 93/12 91/14 95 94/6
B. B. New 168/12 72/8 71/4 72/8
B.B. Petrol 1/8/9 1/9
B.I.C. 8/7/6
I. Copper 2/4
P. Const. 92/8 93 92/8 93/4 93
Shivrajpur 32/12 34
Tata Chem. 11/12/6 11/4 11/12 11/14
Tata Oil 43/4 44/12
Wimco 214/6 15
Ahmedabad Elec. New 88/8 87

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, June 7.

B. C. Rates 1. T. D. D 1/5 15/16 Ready.

B. C. Rates 1. T. D. D. 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 31/32 Ready.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month.

London Banks Buying D. D 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/8 7th-9th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th-9th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th-9th Month.

New York B. C. Rate T. T. Rs. 478 1/4 Montreal Rs. 435.

Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 478 1/4 Montreal Rs. 435.

Banks Buying T T Rs 475 Montreal Rs 431 3/4

Banks Buying D D Rs 472 1/2 Montreal Rs 429 3/4

Banks Buying D. D Rs. 473 3/4 L/C. Montreal Rs. 430 1/2.

Paris Banks Selling T. T. Fcs. 7250 Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 7500

Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T D D. Fl 79

Switzerland Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fcs. 90 1/4.

Belgium Banks Selling T T. D. D. Fcs. 1033.

Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Glds. 79.

Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 83 3/4.

Singapore Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 157.

Manila Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 238 3/4.

New York/London Cross Rate dol. 2.79 7/8 to 2.80 1/8 London/Afghanistan Cross Rate/Afghani Rs. not quoted London/Alexandria Cross Rate Pla 97 1/4 3/4 London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl 10.63-65 London/Bangkok Cross Rate Tel. 35. London/Belgium Cross Rate Fcs. 139.90-140.10 London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr 19.32-36 London/Hong Kong Cross Rate 1/2 27/32-1/2 15/16 London/Iran Cross Rate Rs. 89.40-91.00 London/Java Cross Rate Fl 10-63-65 London/Karachi Cross Rate Rs 2/1-84-2/1 94 London/Lisbon Cross Rate Es 80.35 London/Manila Cross Rate Pes 3.60-65. London/Montreal Cross Rate dol. 3.07 3/4 3.08 1/4 London/New York Cross Rate dol 2.79 7/8-2.80 1/8 London Oslo Cross Rate Kr 19.98-20.02 London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs. 979-981. London/Prague Cross Rate K. not quoted London/Singapore Cross Rate 2/4 1/16-2/4 3/16. London/Stockholm Cross Rate Kr 14.47-50. London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs 12.23-12.26

London Discts 3 Mos. 11/16 p.c. London Discts 6 Mos 7/8 p.c. Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent. Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

Money: Call 1/2 per cent. 3 Mos 3/4 per cent 6 Mos. 1 per cent. 12 Mos. 1 1/4 per cent.

Tone: Easy.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

Weekly Statement

The following is an account of the Reserve Bank of India for the week ended the 2nd day of June:

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

Liabilities

	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	21,91,11,000
Notes in circulation	1182,53,42,000
Total Notes issued	12,04,44,53,000
Total Liabilities	1204,44,53,000

Assets

	Rs.
Gold Coin and Bullion: Held in India	40,01,71,000
Foreign Securities	638,15,11,000
Rupee Coin	54,60,66,000
Government of India Rupee Securities	471,67,05,000
Total Assets	1204,44,53,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 56.305 per cent.

BANKING DEPARTMENT

Liabilities

	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government	
(1) Central Govt.	127,68,04,000
(2) Other Govts.	22,74,99,000
(b) Banks	52,15,33,000
(c) Others	59,56,98,000
Bills Payable	3,78,91,000
Other Liabilities	16,96,99,000
Rupees	292,91,24,000

Assets

	Rs.
Notes	21,97,11,000
Rupee Coin	5,28,000
Subsidiary Coin	2,04,000
Bills Purchased and Discounted:—	
Internal	1,19,50,000
Govt. Treasury Bills	1,78,65,000
Balances held abroad	192,07,83,000
Loans and Advances to Governments	1,62,00,000
Other Loans and Advances	10,11,47,000
Investments	58,91,70,000
Other Assets	5,21,66,000
Rupees	292,91,24,000

T. D. R. Sales

Government of India Treasury Deposit Receipts of the value of Rs. 3,01,25,000 were sold during the month of May 1950 as under:—

6 months' Treasury Deposit Receipts	Rs.	2,80,00,000
9 months -do-	Rs.	Nil.
12 months -do-	Rs	21,25,000
Total:	Rs.	3,01,25,000

American Markets

SHARP RISE IN N. Y. COTTON PRICES

Bulls Active In Wall Street

NEW YORK, June 6.

Opening declines in new crops were extended on increased profittaking and hedges, with the latter associated with a sharp pickup in spot sales encountering less persistent demand against exports.

Lower securities and grains were additional depressing factors with traders hesitant pending the weekly weather report. Meanwhile trade shorts supported near July earlier, but subsequently declined in sympathy with new crop. Prices rallied briskly under the leadership of new crops on replacement buying and short covering disclosing an acute shortage of contracts. Part of the demand was inspired by the generally unfavourable weekly weather survey which describes conditions favourable for weevil activity. The session closed firm. Sales were 225,000 bales.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS

	New York	New Orleans
July	33.61	33.34
October	32.99	32.91
December	32.89	32.82
March	32.88	32.84
Middling spot	34.61	33.60

October highest 33.00 at 14.36 hrs. Lowest 32.57 at 11.14 hrs.

WALL STREET MARKET

Firm On Bull Support

NEW YORK, June 6.

The bears again struck this morning and pushed the list to well distributed losses ranging to two points. In expanded activity, steels, motors, oils, aircrafts, chemicals, rails, and communications were the hardest hit. Technical considerations and nervousness over the future of corporate taxes were the main selling arguments. General motors initially were 2 1/2 points higher at 91 on the proposed stock split but receded by midday. At noon the averages were industrials 220.05 and rails 54.07.

The bulls later cancelled out earlier losses. With buyers expanding activities, sufficient power was generated to cause the market show rather evenly divided mostly fractional changes both ways. General motors were the day's feature at a five point advance to a new high of 93 1/2. General motors reached 97 but finished 95 3/4. The firmness therein together with good advances in chrysler and dupont enabled the industrial averages to finish over one point higher and the composite average closed mildly higher. The market was firm.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS

American Tel. and Tel.	159 1/4
Amerex Holding Co.,	33 3/4
Anaconda Copper	32 1/2
Chase National Bank	38 7/8
Firestone Tyre	44 3/8
General Electric	48 1/2
General Motors	95 3/4
Ingersol Rand	66 1/4
International Nickel	29 7/8
National City Bank	47 7/8
New York Central Rail Road	12 3/4
Sinclair oil	26 3/4
Socony Vacuum Corp.	19
Texas Corporation	71 1/4
Union Carbide	49 7/8
U.S. Smelting and Refining	37 1/2
U.S. Steel	33 3/4
Western Union	27

U.S. Steel highest and lowest prices were 34 and 32 3/4 respectively.

Volume of business on the New York Stock Exchange was 2,250,000 shares.

CHICAGO GRAINS

Rally On Covering

CHICAGO, June 6.

Grains were featured early by a sharp decline in July soyabeans with the selling described as a technical correction after the recent advances. Hedge selling against expanding new crop movement also depressed wheat but the pressure on all grains subsequently abated and prices rallied sharply on covering, partly against flour sales to the Government agency.

CHICAGO WHEAT

July	2.13 1/2
September	2.14 1/4
December	2.17 1/4
March	2.17 1/2

London Pepper Easy

LONDON, June 6.

The pepper market eased under poor demand. Black Lampong, June/July, was quoted at 8sh. 10d. and White Muntok was offered at 14sh. 10d. shipping weight with White Sarawak at 15sh. 3d., delivered weight per pound c.i.f., basis ports. Malabar afloat was offered at 1,065 shillings and June at 1.035sh. per cwt. c.i.f., United Kingdom.

Singapore Pepper Prices

SINGAPORE, June 6.

Sellers quoted black lampong at unchanged 495 and White Muntok five cheaper at 820 Straits dollars per picul ex-godown in a quiet market.

London Copra And Oil

LONDON, June 6.

The copra market was easier. Philipines bulk June/July was available at 195 dollars and Straits/Dutch East Indies fair merchantable at £85 1/2 delivered weight both per ton c.i.f.

The coconut oil market was easy. Straits in drums quoted at £124 and in bulk at £120, Ceylon in drums at £120 and in bulk at £115 all per ton c.i.f. June shipment.

Alexandria Cotton

ALEXANDRIA, June 6

KARNAK

July	74.75—62
November	73.02—28
January	72.75—20

ASHMOUNI

June	117.50+50
August	103.00=
October	61.65—65

N. Y. Silver Sales

NEW YORK, June 6.

Open market sales were 125,000 ounces at unchanged 73 cents an ounce.

LONDON BULLION

LONDON, June 6

London silver spot and forward 63-1/2 pence

London gold bars fine per oz £12-8-0

ssHY- mfwky

Brussels Inactive

BRUSSELS, June 6.

The Bourse was generally inactive with the forward market incurring a majority of losses. The firmness of commodities and the higher copper price failed to stimulate Union miniore. Spot was generally irregular, textiles were rather heavy but colonials were occasionally firm.

Amsterdam Steady

AMSTERDAM, June 6.

The stock market was mostly steadier although public offerings in oils sent these as much as two lower. The public was generally keeping aloof and the turnover was very small. Indonesians were slightly higher especially tobaccos. Shipments fluctuated narrowly.

Paris Bourse

PARIS, June 6.

Although there was a better feeling, lack of business and public apathy still discouraged professionals. The copper price advance brought only modest adjustments in Rhodesians' Rio Tinto. Rubbers, however, were sought with Indonesians in good demand. International nickels extended their recent gains. Profit-taking was centred in shares such a Suez which recently were firm. Rentes were sluggish.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Rise In Industrials

LONDON, June 6.

Rising prices of industrial shares was the feature of the end of account trading in London Stock Exchange today. An early demand for motor issues broadened to include breweries, electrical equipments, textiles and miscellaneous leaders and useful gains were shown. Once again provisional support was reported. Institutional support was responsible for small gains in British Government long dated issues but turnover in the gilt-edged section showed no signs of expansion

Base metal shares were slightly higher where changed following rises in prices of commodities.

Business in oil shares was mainly in ultramar issues. Prices showed further advances with convertible debenture strong at around 143. Market men are expecting good production figures from this company.

Interest in foreign bonds and rails was meagre and prices changes revealed small losses

South African gold shares were hesitant and were inclined to move lower in an idle market.

London Stocks

LONDON, June 6.

2-1/2% British Consols	£70
3-1/2% Conversion Loan 1961	£94-1/4
4% Funding Loan 1960-90	£107-1/4
3-1/2% War Loan on or after December 1st '52	£92-1/2
Chartered Bank of India	£9-5/16
Hong Kong and Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	£77-1/2
National Bank of India	£31-3/8

Transaction on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 7,861 shares.

KARACHI MARKETS

British Sentiments

KARACHI, June 7.

Firm buying offers predominated over cotton market with increasingly bullish sentiment prevailing. Prices reached new highs today. Ready business yesterday about 6 thousand bales reported to be for Far East account. Exports 2070 bales for Kobe and Hongkong.

Cotton seeds steadier on Bombay shippers buying. 2100 bags exported for Bombay and Cutch.

Cloth prices easier owing import from Japan placed under OGL effective from July 1st. Current quotations: Cottons NT Rs. 76/-, Punjab 289, F Rs. 78/4, Four P Rs. 75/6, New Crop NT October Rs. 77/4, Cottonseeds Poptas Ready Rs. 6/7, Gold Rs. 101/4.

INDEX NUMBERS OF SECURITY PRICES

(BASE: 1938—100)
ALL INDIA

Group and Sub-group	Week Ended 28-5-1949	29-4-1950	20-5-1950	27-5-1950
(A) GOVT. AND SEMI-GOVT. SECURITIES				
Govt. of India Loans ..	101 47	100.87	100.89	100.88
Indian States Loans ..	100.59	98.83	98.85	98.86
Municipal, Port Trust and Improvement Trust Loans	97.83	97.23	97.23	97.23
GROUP INDEX	101.36	100.74	100.77	100.76
(B) FIXED DIVIDEND INDUSTRIAL SECURITIES				
Electricity	78.9	80.3	79.9	80.1
Cotton	154.4	149.1	150.0	149.4
Jute	105.5	88.1	89.6	89.7
Coal	111.8	106.2	104.5	104.0
Iron & Steel	90.4	92.4	92.6	92.8
Sugar	124.0	102.2	103.9	104.7
Paper	119.1	99.2	99.2	99.2
Plantations	115.7	112.1	112.5	113.4
GROUP INDEX	105.94	100.11	100.81	100.97
(C) VARIABLE DIVIDEND INDUSTRIAL SECURITIES				
Banks	123.1	120.2	120.9	120.7
Insurance	127.0	123.6	124.9	125.6
Investment Trusts ..	185.6	161.7	163.8	163.9
Electricity Companies and Tramways	82.9	85.4	85.6	85.4
Shipping & Other Transport Companies ..	106.0	89.0	86.0	85.9
Railways	91.2	90.6	90.6	91.2
Plantations	127.6	131.4	146.1	145.9
Cotton, Woollen & Silk ..	159.0	157.4	154.4	154.4
Jute	95.1	78.5	84.9	84.0
Coal	108.8	110.1	112.3	112.0
Mining & Oil	59.0	59.3	65.7	64.8
Iron & Steel	121.2	145.7	147.8	145.8
General Engineering ..	139.8	164.1	166.2	164.5
Sugar	117.2	112.1	110.3	11059
Breweries	101.3	99.2	102.9	98.5
Chemicals	152.9	161.1	164.4	163.5
Paper	89.2	114.7	118.5	119.3
Cement	111.8	128.9	128.2	127.2
GROUP INDEX	115.21	116.73	119.37	118.86
REGIONAL				
REGION AND GROUP				
BOMBAY				
Govt. and Semi-Govt. Securities	100.81	100.02	100.02	100.04
Fixed Dividend Industrials	97.5	99.5	99.6	99.7
Variable Dividend Industrials	125.1	132.9	132.0	131.5
CALCUTTA				
Govt. and Semi-Govt. Securities	101.69	101.12	101.13	101.12
Fixed Dividend Industrials	115.9	98.9	100.0	100.0
Variable Dividend Industrials	109.0	105.1	109.2	108.8
MADRAS				
Govt. and Semi-Govt. Securities	101.52	101.05	101.11	101.07
Fixed Dividend Industrials	119.9	115.4	117.2	118.0
Variable Dividend Industrials	134.4	140.3	141.9	141.7

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TWENTY-YEAR PLAN FOR PEACE

Ten-Point Prosposal Of Trygve Lie

LAKE SUCCESS, June 7, (PTI-Reuter).

MR. TRYGVE LIE, Secretary General of the United Nations, today launched what he called a "twenty-year programme for peace", in a memorandum to all United Nations members.

The essential points of this comprehensive document covered all issues on which the United Nations has been deadlocked for the last two years.

Mr. Lie, in issuing this programme, stated that from his conversations with the Governments of America, Britain, France and the Soviet Union, he had drawn a firm conviction that the United Nations remained a primary factor in the foreign policy of each of these Governments. He was convinced that the re-opening of genuine negotiations on certain of their outstanding issues "may be possible".

He by-passed the question of Chinese representation in the United Nations, a key issue between East and West.

Mr. Lie made it clear that he would probably put the whole programme on the agenda of the next General Assembly in September.

The present proposal is virtually the same as that which Mr. Lie made to the Governments of the United States, Britain, France and the Soviet Union in his recent tour.

Its main points are: 1. "Periodic" or special meetings of the Security Council to be attended by Foreign Ministers from the big powers. Europe has been suggested as a venue of these meetings.

2. New meetings of the Atomic Energy Commission to reexamine the two-year-old deadlock on international control to atomic energy.

3. New meetings of the commission on conventional armaments, which came to a dead halt on the question of reducing non-atomic armaments of the big powers.

4. An attempt to restart the virtually defunct Military Staff Committee, whose task is to set up an International Police Force.

5. Admission of all new candidates for membership in the United Nations, including those sponsored by the west and those supported by the Soviet Union—fourteen in all.

6. More support for the United Nations programme of aid to under developed territories.

7. Support for the specialised agencies such as the World Health Organisation and the Food and Agricultural Organisation, which are having trouble in getting programmes under way.

8. Stronger Governmental action in enforcing the recent universal declaration of human rights.

9. More active Government support of the Trusteeship Council's efforts to aid dependent peoples.

10. New efforts to write out a code of international law, now being elaborated by the International Law Commission of the United Nations.

It is understood that Mr. Lie's original aim in making his recent tour of four capitals was to have all these ten points or some of them discussed at a special meeting of the Security Council attended by Foreign Ministers from America, France, Britain and the Soviet Union.

In presenting his memorandum to the United Nations members, Mr. Lie declared the resource of the United Nations could be used to secure eventual peace on two conditions:

1. "If we accept, believe and act upon the possibility of peaceful coexistence among all the great powers and the different economic and political systems they represent, and

2. "If the great powers evidence a readiness to undertake genuine negotiation not in a spirit of appeasement but with an enlightened self-interest and commonsense on all sides.

He said he was certain the smaller powers could help to solve big-power differences.

In his presentation, the Secretary General did not give the big power Governments attitudes towards his plan, saying this would not be "appropriate".

Mr. Trygve Lie has decided to submit his "programme for peace" to the entire United Nations membership, usually reliable sources said yesterday.

His ten-point programme was understood to have had a lukewarm reception among the British, American, French and Russian Governments.

SCOUTS' AID IN FOOD DRIVE

Government Seeks Co-operation

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The co-operation of Boy Scouts and Girl Guides is being sought by the Government of Bombay in their grow more food campaign, it is learnt here today.

Encouraged by the valuable work being done by the Home Guards in the grow more food drive, Government feels that the enlistment of the assistance of Scouts and Guides would help in furthering their programme.

This will be one of the main items to be discussed at a meeting of the Grow More Food Committee, convened at the Secretariat tomorrow by Mr. M. P. Patil, Minister for Agriculture, Government of Bombay. Heads of Scouts and Guides Associations in Bombay are represented on the Committee and therefore Government expect no difficulty in obtaining the help of the members of these associations at this hour of national emergency.

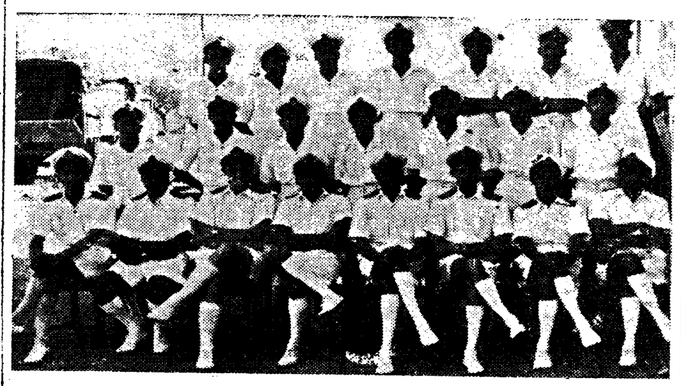
The Government of Bombay has already issued instructions to the District Collectors, who are also Chairmen of the Rural Development Boards, to observe the tree planting week in July, in response to the appeal issued by the Central Ministry of Agriculture. No targets have so far been fixed for Bombay State, it is stated.

TREE PLANTING

It was Bombay State which first initiated the tree planting campaign two years back. Eight lakhs of trees were planted in 1948, and last year the figure rose to 18 lakhs.

Seedlings will be issued to the public from Government nurseries.

The tree-planting programme in the city and suburbs will also figure in the discussions at tomorrow's meeting of the Grow More Food Committee.



Group photo of the instruction of the staff which gives electrical training to ratings in the I.N.S. VALSURA.

TRAINING CENTRE FOR NAVAL ELECTRICIANS

NEW DELHI, June 7.

THE Electrical Branch was formed in 1946. Before that date, artificiers (Engineering), torpedo ratings and Volunteer Reserve Officers (Electrical Branch) were doing the electrical work of the Navy. And before 1939, that work was the primary responsibility of the Torpedo Branch.

Officers for the Electrical Branch in 1946 came from V.R. electrical engineers operating during the war and also from executive officers working in the torpedo or anti-submarine branches. As for ratings, the majority of the torpedo rates elected for the 'L' branch; also electrical artificiers working before.

Before partition, training in naval electrics and torpedo and anti-submarine gear was carried out at HMIS "Valsura" in Jamnagar, while the radar training was done at HMIS "Chamak" in Karachi. Partition resulted in the loss of the Radar School at Karachi.

Consequent on re-organisation of the technical branches, torpedo and anti-submarine, training has since been shifted to Cochin while INS "Valsura" now carries out the training in naval electrics and radar.

POSITION TODAY

Today, Direct Entry (L) officers are given a short course of training in both electrical and radar for about nine months, and then sent out to sea for practical experience.

Secondly the school also caters for D.E. executive and engineer officers who undergo an acquaint course in both L and R for about a fortnight.

As for ratings, the full course of L training is given in the establishment to all L ratings. But among R ratings, training is provided now only for junior rates. With the arrival of additional equipment however, it is expected to start training for senior rates also.

Each section, L or R, has two categories of personnel among ratings: the skilled rates called artificiers, and the semi-skilled. The former are those who have higher basic education, and they undergo training for nearly four years, three in INS Shivaji and one in INS Valsura.

They may also consist of DE ratings who have had electrical training and experience in civil life and after selection, are given higher rates on completion of some elementary naval training. This avenue is no longer open.

As for ratings L and R, some are recruited as boys and go through INS Circars (Vizagapatam) before coming to Valsura for their L or R training. In addition, DE ratings also come in who are recruited by Recruiting Officers subject to Matriculation qualification and medical fitness. They spend a few weeks at Cochin and then come over to Valsura.

Terrorising The Terrorists

MIRAJ, June 7, (PTI):— The intensive drive carried out by the Sangli (South Satara) police recently against illegal possession of arms and ammunition has caused a terror in the minds of criminals, with the result that the arms and ammunition, hitherto kept hidden and used for various nefarious activities, are now being thrown out in fields, wells and such other places through fear.

The police have recovered two light machine guns, four revolvers, two pistols, three guns, two hand-grenades, two denomiters, and 342 live cartridges.

LABOUR APPELLATE TRIBUNAL SOON

Government Decision

NEW DELHI, June 7. (PTI)

THE Government of India will soon constitute a Labour Appellate Tribunal to deal with appeals from the decisions of Industrial Tribunals and other Government adjudication machinery, it is learnt.

The Tribunal comes into being under the Industrial Disputes (Appellate Tribunal) Act 1950 which received the assent of the President on May 20.

The Appellate Tribunal will consist of persons of the status of high court judges and will sit i ntwo or more benches at different centres. Appeals will lie to the Appellate Tribunal from the awards and decisions of Industrial Tribunals, courts, Wage Boards and other statutory bodies set up under Central and State enactments for the adjudication of industrial disputes.

Appeals will be preferable on questions of law, irrespective of the subject matter of the dispute, but on matters of fact only from awards and decisions relating to wages, bonus, travelling allowance, employer's contribution to Provident or Pension Fund, amounts payable for defraying special expenses, gratuity, classification of workmen by grades and retrenchment.

The act also makes certain incidental changes in the existing law, Central as well as State, relating to industrial disputes, pending the enactment of the Labour Relations Bill, 1950.

The more important of these changes are: (1) the Central Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 has been extended to all part 'B' States except the State of Jammu and Kashmir.

PUNISHMENT

(II) Section 33 of the Central act has been modified so as to prohibit the discharge or punishment, whether by dismissal or otherwise, of any workman during the pendency of conciliation or adjudication proceedings, without the express permission in writing of the Conciliation Officer, Board or Tribunal. The existing bar on the alteration of conditions of service during the pendency of proceedings continues, but such alteration can be effected hereafter with the previous permission of the adjudicating or conciliating authority.

(III) A new section (Section 33 A) has been inserted in the Central act enabling an employee aggrieved by an act of contravention of Section 33, to lodge a complaint with the Tribunal to deal with the complaint as if it were a dispute referred to, or pending before it.

AWARDS BINDING

(IV) The need for an order of the appropriate Government enforcing the award of an Industrial Tribunal, whether under the Central act or a State act, has been dispensed with and awards have been made automatically binding on the parties on the expiry of 30 days from the date of their publication and where there is no provision for publication, from the date of making the award or decision.

(V) It has been provided that the award of an Industrial Tribunal under the Central act shall continue to be binding on the parties, even after the stipulated period of operation, until a period of two months has elapsed from the date on which notice is given by any party bound by the award to the other party or parties intimating its intention to terminate the award.

RECOVERY OF ARREARS

(VI) Any money due from an employer, or the cash value of any benefit which is capable of being computed in terms of money, under an award or decision of an Industrial Tribunal appointed under the Central act or a State act, is recoverable as arrears of land revenue or as a public demand by the appropriate government on an application made to it by the person entitled to the money. Industrial Tribunals under the Central act have also been empowered to award, at their discretion, costs of, or incidental to, any proceeding before them and such costs are recoverable in the same way.

(VII) The right of representation of parties by legal practitioners in proceedings under the Central act has been restricted to proceedings before a Tribunal and that too only with the consent of the other parties and with the leave of the Tribunal.

The new act—the Industrial Disputes (Appellate Tribunal) Act, 1950—extends to the whole of India except the State of Jammu and Kashmir.

RIVER FUNERAL FOR LORD WAVELL

First Since 1806

LONDON, June 7 (PTI-Reuter).—Field Marshal Lord Wavell, former Viceroy of India and hero of the western desert campaign, was given a hero's funeral in London today.

In the first river funeral since 1806, when Nelson's body was brought from Greenwich Palace to St. Paul's Cathedral in the city of London, the Field Marshal's body was borne slowly up the river Thames by launch from the Tower of London to Westminster Abbey.

Nineteen guns fired by the Tower battery broke the silence of the morning as the coffin was placed on the launch.

ONE KILLED AND THREE HURT

No Damage To Train, Says Rail Official

CALCUTTA, June 7 (PTI): One person was killed and three others injured when a truck collided this morning with the Up Assam Link Express. The accident occurred as the train was entering Nakshibari station, on the Kathar Siliguir junction section of the Assam Railway, the District Traffic Superintendent Katihar reported. There was no damage to the truck or train.

IN A CHINA SHOP

By Taurus

THE "Ceylon Observer" carries a curious tale. It reads:

Applicants who yesterday presented themselves for an interview, following a written test, at the Government Electrical Department, received a shock when they were told that although the advertisement called for apprentice engineers, they would receive training for the posts of foremen. All were given time till June 12 to decide whether they would take up duties. This has caused much dissatisfaction.

The restraint of the "Ceylon Observer" is admirable. I should think that it caused "dissatisfaction." Since in either case they have to undergo training—either as apprentice engineers or as embryo foremen—the Department possibly did not think that it was a very important point for what they were trained. To the candidates, of course, it is all important. It is possible that advertisements for aspiring foremen would not have attracted as much attention and that the Department showed foresight in calling for candidates for one job and turning them off to another. There are tremendous possibilities in this which might be more widely exploited.

So far, however, this kind of mistake, calculated or accidental, have been confined to individuals. There is no reason why it should not be applied on a wider basis for the greater national good, or even for businesses. But the hitch lies in the extended time that is given candidates for deciding on acceptance or rejection.

This incident has led the "Observer's" correspondent to more discoveries about the Department. The men already in it are rather perturbed at a decision making annual examinations compulsory for officers. "In principal," the officials told him, "this scheme of annual examinations meets with our approval but it should be reserved for new entrants." Every office or department is a jealously guarded preserve in which the men already in prevent others from coming in without the severest test. But if it is a good principle, I do not see why it should not be applied indiscriminately.

COTTON PRICES AND IMPORT TO BE REVIEWED

Textile Advisory Committee Meeting On June 15

NEW DELHI, June 7 (PTD).

IMPORTANT questions relating to the fixation of ceiling and floor prices of cotton for the season 1950/51, import position of cotton for the current year and the volume of imports if any that will be required for July-December, and staggering of textile production by mills, are likely to come up before the Textile Advisory Committee meeting in Bombay on June 15.

Mr. Hare Krishna Mahatab, Minister for Industry and Supply, will preside over the meeting.

The Committee, it is understood, will review the working of cotton control with reference to the stock position in the country, especially the stocks with individual mills. Other items on the agenda are understood to include discussion of the prospects of the cotton year 1950/51 with special reference to internal production, a review of cloth and yarn control to find out if any changes are required in the present distribution arrangements from mills: an inquiry into the allegation that certain varieties of cloth are selling above the controlled rates and a survey of cloth and yarn exports with reference to the export policy for the year 1950/51.

COTTON STOCKS

As regards the raw cotton position, the requirements of textile mills are estimated at 42 lakh bales. The Indian cotton crop this year is estimated at between 26 lakh and 28 lakh bales. In addition to this, arrangements for the import of 11.69 lakh bales of cotton, including United States cotton, have been made and licenses have been issued for them during the first half of this year.

It is felt that the Indian crop, together with the imported cotton and certain stocks carried over from last year, would be adequate for the requirements of the mills.

In view of the cotton position, it is felt here that the staggering of production by the mills may not be necessary.

Mr. Hare Krishna Mahatab, who is paying a three-day visit to Bombay from June 12 to 14, is expected to meet representatives of the different Chambers of Commerce, Merchants Associations, the Bombay Millowners' Association. The Ahmedabad Millowners' Association and the Coimbatore and South India Millowners' Association. He will also have meetings with the representatives of cotton interests and various labour organisations.

CHANGE-OVER FROM ENGLISH

Madras University Syndicate's View

MADRAS, June 7 (PTI).—The Madras University Syndicate is of the opinion that "the change-over from English to the local languages must be left to the slow process of time, which will ensure that no damage is meanwhile done to the content of education and the unity and safety of the country."

A statement was issued today on behalf of the Syndicate commenting on the recommendations of the University Education Commission of the Government of India.

One Seat Vacant, Four To Be Found

NEW DELHI, June 7 (PTD).—The seat in Parliament, held by Dr. John Matthai, the former Finance Minister who has resigned, has been declared vacant and the State of Uttar Pradesh has been asked to take steps for filling the vacancy.

Four Ministers of the Government, Messrs. C. D. Deshmukh, Sri Prakasa, C. Rajagopalachari and C. C. Biswas, will have to be found seats in Parliament within six months. There are at present seven general seats vacant in Parliament from the part "A" States. Of these one seat from Assam is reserved for the tribes.

Vacant Seat In Parliament

SIMLA, June 7 (PTI): The question of selecting a Congress nominee for the seat rendered vacant in Parliament from Punjab by the resignation of Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram on his appointment as Governor of Assam, will be discussed at a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Congress Party in the Punjab Assembly called here on June 15.

Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram was nominated to the Constituent Assembly from Punjab in the seat caused vacant by the resignation of Diwan Chamanlal on the latter's appointment as Ambassador to Turkey.

Malta Government Defeated

VALETTA (Malta) June 7, (PTI-Reuter): Malta's Government was defeated last night, by 21 votes to 18 on a motion to consider the 1950-51 budget.

Demand For Withdrawal Of Pakistan Troops Repeated

SHEIKH ABDULLAH ON PLEBISCITE ISSUE

SRINAGAR, June 7 (UPI).

SHEIKH ABDULLAH, Premier of Kashmir, reiterated, in the course of his talk last night to members of the Indo-Ceylonese Y.M.C.A. Delegaion who are now on a tour of the Kashmir valley, his views "under no circumstance will the people of Kashmir tolerate any solution involving the partition of their homeland".

Coming as it did on the eve of the arrival in Kashmir of the UN Mediator, Sir Owen Dixon, this emphatic assertion of Sheikh Abdullah is regarded as very significant by political circles here.

His observation with regard to the plebiscite for determining the future of the Kashmir State was also equally emphatic.

"There can be no plebiscite", asserted Sheikh Abdullah, "until the Pakistani as well as the so-called Azad Kashmir troops withdraw from our soil and the writ of the legal head of this State runs throughout the length and breadth of Jammu and Kashmir from Gilgit to Suchetgarh. Until this is done, it is meaningless to talk of plebiscite".

Referring to the impending visit of Sir Owen Dixon to Kasrmir, Sheikh Abdullah said: "The UN Mediator, Sir Owen Dixon, would have the goodwill of every lover of peace in his task of bringing about an understanding between India and Pakistan. But any solution to which the people of Kashmir were not a willing party and in which they are not consulted would be totally unacceptable. We, the people of Kashmir, stand by Pandit Nehru's declaration that the future of our State has to be decided by the free and unfettered will of our people".

'PROVINCIALISM MUST END

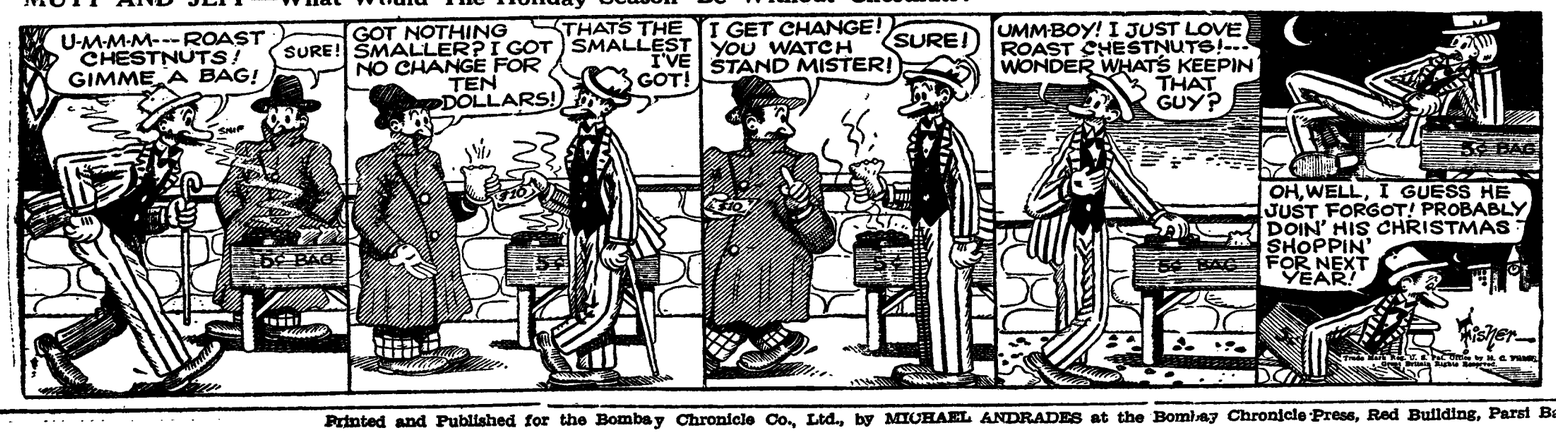
Amrit Kaur's Call To Indian Students

LONDON, June 7, (PTI-Reuter): India's Health Minister, Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, told Indian students in London last night she wanted them when they returned home to help to get rid of the "narrow provincialism" which was creeping into the ranks of the people.

When they were struggling for freedom she said, every one thought of India. Today there was a tendency to think in terms of Bombay or Madras, Bengal or the Punjab.

Speaking of the use of the English language, Rajkumari Amrit Kaur said that they must never give it up because in addition to a 'lingua franca' like Hindi they had to have an international language. That, inevitably was English.

MUTT AND JEFF—What Would The Holiday Season Be Without Chestnuts? By BUD FISHER


U-M-M-M---ROAST CHESTNUTS! GIMME A BAG!
SURE!
5¢ BAG
GOT NOTHING SMALLER? I GOT NO CHANGE FOR TEN DOLLARS!
THATS THE SMALLEST I'VE GOT!
$10
I GET CHANGE! YOU WATCH STAND MISTER!
SURE!
UMM-BOY! I JUST LOVE ROAST CHESTNUTS!--- WONDER WHAT'S KEEPIN THAT GUY?
OH, WELL, I GUESS HE JUST FORGOT! PROBABLY DOIN' HIS CHRISTMAS SHOPPIN' FOR NEXT YEAR!
Fisher

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Derailment on S.I. Railway

TRICHY, June 7 (PTD): The engine of the Madras Fast Kanjeevaram Passenger train got derailed between Singaperumalkoil and Chengleput on the main line at 8 p.m. last night, as a result of which all through trains running between Madras and Trichy arrived here over two hours late this morning.

According to the Publicity Officer of the S. I. Railway, the front wheel of the engine which got derailed was put on the track again at about 10 p.m. last night and the train proceeded on its onward journey.

Through running was restored at 10-30 p.m. last night.